## IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re Chapter 11

Sticky's Holdings LLC, et al., Case No. 24-10856 (JKS)

Debtors. 1 Jointly Administered

Re. D.I. 11, 40 and 44

Obj. Deadline: May 13, 2024 at 4:00 p.m. (ET) Hearing Date: May 20, 2024 at 1:00 p.m. (ET)

NOTICE OF HEARING REGARDING
DEBTORS' MOTION FOR ENTRY OF INTERIM
AND FINAL ORDERS (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO PAY
CERTAIN PREPETITION WAGES, BENEFITS AND OTHER COMPENSATION
OBLIGATIONS, (II) AUTHORIZING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO HONOR ALL
OBLIGATIONS RELATED THERETO, AND (III) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on April 25, 2024, the above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "Debtors") filed the Debtors' Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders (I) Authorizing the Debtors to Pay Certain Prepetition Wages, Benefits and Other Compensation Obligations, (II) Authorizing Financial Institutions to Honor All Obligations Related Thereto, and (III) Granting Related Relief [D.I. 11] (the "Motion"), attached hereto as Exhibit A.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, on April 26, 2024, the Bankruptcy Court entered the Interim Order(I) Authorizing the Debtors to Pay Certain Prepetition Wages, Benefits and Other Compensation Obligations, (II) Authorizing Financial Institutions to Honor All Obligations Related Thereto, and (III) Granting Related Relief [D.I. 44] (the "Interim Order"), attached hereto as Exhibit B.

**PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE** that objections, if any, to the final approval of the Motion must (a) be in writing, (b) be filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, 824 Market Street, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, on or before **May 13, 2024 at 4:00 p.m. (ET)** (the "Objection Deadline"), and (c) served as to be received on or before the Objection Deadline upon (a) the Debtors, (b) proposed counsel to the Debtors, Pashman Stein Walder Hayden, P.C., 1007 North Orange Street, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Suite 183, Wilmington, Delaware, 19899-1347,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number are as follows: Sticky's Holdings LLC (3586); Sticky Fingers LLC (3212); Sticky Fingers II LLC (7125); Sticky Fingers III LLC (3914); Sticky Fingers IV LLC (9412); Sticky Fingers V LLC (1465); Sticky Fingers VI LLC (0578); Sticky's BK I LLC (0423); Sticky's NJ I LLC (5162); Sticky Fingers VII LLC (1491); Sticky's NJ II LLC (6642); Sticky Fingers IX LLC (5036); Sticky's NJ III LLC (7036); Sticky Fingers VIII LLC (0080); Sticky NJ IV LLC (6341); Sticky's WC 1 LLC (0427); Sticky's Franchise LLC (5232); Sticky's PA GK I LLC (7496); Stickys Corporate LLC (5719); and Sticky's IP LLC (4569). The Debtors' mailing address is 24 E. 23rd Street, New York, NY 10010.



Attn: John W. Weiss (jweiss@pashmanstein.com), Joseph C. Barsalona II (jbarsalona@pashmanstein.com), Richard C. Solow (rsolow@pashmanstein.com) and Katherin R. Beilin (kbeilin@pashmanstein.com), (c) the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware, J. Caleb Boggs Building, 844 King Street, Suite 2207, Lockbox 35, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, Attn: Joseph F. Cudia (joseph.cudia@usdoj.gov) and Jonathan W. Lipshie (Jon.Lipshie@usdoj.gov), and (d) the Subchapter V Trustee, Natasha Songonuga, VTrustee LLC, P.O. Box 841, Wilmington, DE 19899 (Nsongonuga@VTrusteellc.com).

**PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE** that only objections made in writing and timely filed and received, in accordance with the procedures above, will be considered by the Bankruptcy Court at such hearing.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE THAT A FINAL HEARING ON THE MOTION WILL BE HELD ON MAY 20, 2024 AT 1:00 P.M. (ET) BEFORE THE HONORABLE J. KATE STICKLES, AT THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE, 824 MARKET STREET, 5<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, COURTROOM 6, WILMINGTON, DELAWARE 19801.

IF YOU FAIL TO RESPOND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS NOTICE, THE COURT MAY GRANT THE RELIEF REQUESTED IN THE MOTION WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE OR HEARING.

Dated: April 29, 2024

Wilmington, Delaware

# PASHMAN STEIN WALDER HAYDEN, P.C.

/s/ John W. Weiss

John W. Weiss (No. 4160) Joseph C. Barsalona II (No. 6102) 1007 North Orange Street, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Suite 183 Wilmington, DE 19801-1242 Telephone: (302) 592-6496 Email: jweiss@pashmanstein.com

jbarsalona@pashmanstein.com

-and-

Richard C. Solow (admitted *pro hac vice*)
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Proposed Counsel to the Debtors and Debtors in Possession

### Exhibit A

Motion

### IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re Chapter 11

Sticky's Holdings LLC, et al., Case No. 24-10856

Debtors. 1 Joint Administration Requested

DEBTORS' MOTION FOR ENTRY OF INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO PAY CERTAIN PREPETITION WAGES, BENEFITS AND OTHER COMPENSATION OBLIGATIONS, (II) AUTHORIZING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO HONOR ALL OBLIGATIONS RELATED THERETO, AND (III) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

The above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "Debtors"), by and through their undersigned proposed counsel, hereby move this Court (the "Motion") for entry of interim and final orders pursuant to sections 105(a), 363, 507 and 541 of title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532 (the "Bankruptcy Code") and rules 6003 and 6004(h) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules") (i) authorizing, but not directing, the Debtors to pay and honor certain prepetition wages, benefits and other compensation obligations; (ii) authorizing and directing banks and financial institutions to receive, process, honor and pay checks presented for payment and electronic payment requests relating to prepetition wages and benefits; and (iii) granting related relief. In addition, the Debtors are seeking to schedule a final hearing (the "Final Hearing") on the Motion. In support of this Motion, the Debtors incorporate by reference the *Declaration of Jamie Greer in Support of* 

(5719); and Sticky's IP LLC (4569). The Debtors' mailing address is 24 E. 23rd Street, New York, NY 10010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number are as follows: Sticky's Holdings LLC (3586); Sticky Fingers LLC (3212); Sticky Fingers II LLC (7125); Sticky Fingers III LLC (3914); Sticky Fingers IV LLC (9412); Sticky Fingers V LLC (1465); Sticky Fingers VI LLC (0578); Sticky's BK 1 LLC (0423); Sticky's NJ 1 LLC (5162); Sticky Fingers VII LLC (1491); Sticky's NJ II LLC (6642); Sticky Fingers IX LLC (5036); Sticky's NJ III LLC (7036); Sticky Fingers VIII LLC (0080); Sticky NJ IV LLC (6341); Sticky's WC 1 LLC (0427); Sticky's Franchise LLC (5232); Sticky's PA GK I LLC (7496); Stickys Corporate LLC

First Day Relief (the "First Day Declaration")<sup>2</sup> filed contemporaneously herewith and respectfully represent as follows:

### **JURISDICTION**

- 1. The Court has jurisdiction over the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference* from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, dated February 29, 2012. This is a core proceeding within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2). Venue of this proceeding and the Motion is proper before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
- 2. The statutory bases for the relief requested herein are sections 105(a), 363, 507 and 541 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 6003 and 6004(h), and rule 9013-1(m) of the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Local Rules").
- 3. Pursuant to Local Rule 9013-1(f), the Debtors consent to the entry of a final order by the Court if it is determined that the Court, absent consent of the parties, cannot enter final orders or judgments in connection herewith consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution.

#### **BACKGROUND**

4. On April 25, 2024 (the "<u>Petition Date</u>"), the Debtors each commenced a voluntary case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code as a debtor defined in Bankruptcy Code section 1182(1) and the Debtors elected to proceed under Subchapter V of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code pursuant to the Small Business Debtor Reorganization Act, as amended.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the First Day Declaration.

- 5. The Debtors are operating their businesses as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee, examiner, or official committee has been appointed in these cases.
- 6. Additional detail regarding the Debtors, their businesses, the events leading to commencement of these cases, and the facts and circumstances supporting the relief requested herein is set forth in the First Day Declaration and is incorporated herein by reference.

### EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND OBLIGATIONS<sup>3</sup>

### I. The Employees

- 7. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors workforce constitutes one hundred forty-eight (148) active employees, all of which are employed on a full-time basis. Approximately one hundred thirty (130) employees are paid on an hourly basis and eighteen (18) employees are paid a salary. None of the employees are unionized or party to collective bargaining agreements or similar labor arrangements.
- 8. The employees include persons in the Debtors' management, human resources department, and staff working at the Debtors' various restaurant locations.
- 9. The Debtors' employees possess the institutional knowledge, experience, and skills necessary to support the Debtors' business operations during these chapter 11 cases and to support a successful sale of the Debtors' business. In addition to the employees' compensation, the Debtors also incur other obligations for employee programs, such as bonuses, vacation, federal and state withholding taxes and other withheld amounts, health and welfare benefits, expense reimbursements, and programs that the Debtors historically have provided in the ordinary course

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The description of employee compensation, obligations, benefits and programs described herein are for summary purposes only and are qualified in their entirety by the applicable documents and/or agreements governing such compensation, obligations, benefits and programs. In the event of any inconsistency, the applicable documents and/or agreements governing such compensation, obligations, benefits and programs control.

of business. The programs provided by the Debtors to their employees, as more fully described below, are referred to herein as the "Employee Programs," and the obligations to the employees thereunder are referred to herein as the "Employee Obligations."<sup>4</sup>

10. In addition to the employees, the Debtors also retain individuals as independent contractors (the "<u>Independent Contractors</u>"). Currently, the Debtors employ five (5) Independent Contractors, though this number fluctuates based on the Debtors' specific needs at any given time. The Independent Contractors generally provide services in the Debtors' restaurants. Such services are necessary to the operation of the Debtors' business.

### **II.** Employee Programs and Employee Obligations

### A. Employee Wages

Historically, the Debtors paid their employees on a weekly basis, with payroll being disbursed to corporate employees every Tuesday, and to non-corporate retail employees every Friday. The most recent payroll was received by employees on April 24, 2024.<sup>5</sup> On average each week, the Debtors pay approximately \$116,000 in U.S. base wages for current, non-furloughed employees. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors believe that approximately \$50,000 in wages and salaries to non-furloughed employees will be owed as of the Petition Date. The Debtors seek authority to pay wages and salaries amounts that accrued prior to the Petition Date to its employees up to the applicable cap set forth in section 507 of the Bankruptcy Code.

12. The Debtors seek authority to continue to pay wages that become due after the Petition Date in the ordinary course of business. To maintain the morale and dedication of

For ease in summarizing the Debtors' payment obligations, the definition of Employee Obligations includes Independent Contractor Obligations (as defined below), despite the fact that the Independent Contractors are not employees of the Debtors.

On April 24, 2024, funds were withdrawn from the Debtors' bank accounts for payroll and sent to a third party payroll servicer.

their current employees, the Debtors believe it is important to demonstrate their ongoing commitment to their employees by continuing to honor employee wages without interruption.

### **B.** Independent Contractor Compensation

13. The Debtors directly pay the Independent Contractors' compensation weekly (the "Independent Contractor Obligations"). On average each quarter, the Debtors pay approximately \$70,000.00 in Independent Contractor Obligations. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors believe that approximately \$8,000.00 in wages will be owed. The Debtors seek authority, but not direction, to honor all Independent Contractor Obligations that become due in the ordinary course of business post-petition.

#### C. Accrued Vacation

14. In the ordinary course of business, the Debtors provide eligible employees with paid personal and vacation time ("PTO"). The PTO benefit year runs from the employees' first day of employment to their anniversary date. Most hourly employees receive two (2) PTO days in their first year of employment, three (3) PTO days in their second year of employment, and five (5) PTO days in all subsequent years. Certain managerial hourly employees receive five (5) PTO days in their first year of employment. Salaried employees receive ten (10) to fifteen (15) PTO days per year, depending on length of employment. Therefore, most eligible employees accrue between two (2) and fifteen (15) PTO days annually (as accrued and unused "Accrued Vacation"). Additionally, eligible employees receive fifty-six (56) hours of sick leave per year, which expire at the end of the calendar year. Unused PTO does not carry over into the following year, unless otherwise provided by state and local law. The Debtors seek authority to continue their existing PTO policy in the ordinary course of business on a post-petition basis.

15. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors do not owe any amounts for Accrued Vacation. However, the Debtors request authority that they be authorized to continue to honor all post-petition Accrued Vacation as it comes due in the ordinary course.

### D. Payroll Taxes and Withholding Obligations

- 16. Each pay period, the Debtors deduct certain amounts directly from employees' pay, including, but not limited to pre- and after-tax deductions payable pursuant to certain of the Employees Obligations, legally-ordered deductions and other miscellaneous deductions (collectively, the "Deductions").
- 17. Based upon the employees' salaries and wages, the Debtors also are required by law to withhold amounts related to federal, state and local income taxes, as well as Social Security and Medicare, and to remit such withholdings to the applicable authorities. The Debtors are additionally required to make matching payments from their own funds for Social Security and Medicare and to pay, based on a percentage of gross payroll, state and federal unemployment insurance, employment training taxes and state disability insurance contributions (all of the foregoing, collectively, the "Payroll Tax Obligations"). Each pay cycle, the Debtors withhold applicable Payroll Tax Obligations from employees' wages and remit such amounts to the applicable authorities.
- 18. As of the Petition Date, all Deductions and Payroll Tax Obligations (collectively, the "Withholding Obligations") required to be remitted to the appropriate third-party recipients have been paid. The Debtors seek authorization, but not direction, to pay and remit any further Withholding Obligations that arise in the ordinary course of business post-petition to the appropriate authorities, consistent with the Debtors' prepetition practices.

#### E. Health and Wellness Benefits

19. The Debtors have a partially self-insured medical benefit plan for eligible employees administered by Aetna (the "Health Plan"). Additionally, the Debtors provide eligible employees with access to dental and vision coverage through Aetna (collectively with the Health Plan, the "Benefit Plans"). The Debtors contribute a portion of the monthly premiums on the employees' behalf for the Benefit Plans. The Debtors estimate that the total amount of monthly premiums under the Benefit Plans is approximately \$6,100.00. As of the Petition Date, all Benefit Plan premiums have been fully satisfied. The Debtors seek authority, but not direction, to continue the Benefit Plans with respect to all employees, including those that have been furloughed, and to honor all Benefit Plan contributions that become due in the ordinary course of business postpetition.

### F. Workers' Compensation Program

- 20. Under applicable law, the Debtors are required to maintain a workers' compensation insurance program to cover employees' workers' compensation claims arising from or related to their employment with the Debtors (the "Workers' Compensation Program") and to satisfy the Debtors' obligations arising under or related to the Workers' Compensation Program (collectively, the "Workers' Compensation Obligations").
- 21. For each claim under the Workers' Compensation Program, the Debtors file an injury report with a third-party administrator, AmTrust North America Premium ("AmTrust"), which performs an independent investigation of whether the claim is eligible for coverage. AmTrust administers and pays out eligible claims. The Debtors do not have any additional obligations outside of paying premiums to AmTrust, which the last monthly instalment of \$8,232 was made on April 5, 2024.

#### **G.** Bonus and Incentive Plans

22. The Debtors maintain an incentive plan for certain employees involved in sales. The incentive plan is carefully calibrated to ensure that eligible employees are rewarded for their efforts toward the Debtors' financial performance and productivity. Pursuant to this Motion, the Debtors seek authority to continue this incentive plan with respect to employees who are not insiders of the Debtors (as that term is defined in section 101(31) of the Bankruptcy Code), as detailed below. For the avoidance of doubt, this Motion does not seek to continue any incentive plans with respect to insiders, which may be addressed in a subsequent motion to be filed with the Court.<sup>6</sup>

#### H. Miscellaneous Benefits

23. The Debtors also offer several other miscellaneous benefits to certain eligible employees. These miscellaneous benefits include, but are not limited to a bereavement program and commuter benefits. The bereavement program is offered at no cost to employees. Commuter benefits are fully paid by employees via payroll deductions, with Debtors collecting and forwarding premiums to the providers. The Debtors believe that honoring these miscellaneous benefits will help boost employee morale and confidence in the Debtors' business plan and maintain the current workforce. The obligations owed to the employees with respect to these miscellaneous benefits are *de minimis*, and the Debtors request authority to continue to honor these miscellaneous benefits in the ordinary course.

#### **RELIEF REQUESTED**

24. By this Motion, the Debtors request entry of interim and final orders, substantially in the forms attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and **Exhibit B**, respectively: (i) authorizing

The Debtors reserve the right to seek, through another motion, approval of incentive plans with respect to insiders that are consistent with section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.

the Debtors to pay and honor Employee Obligations; (ii) authorizing and directing banks and financial institutions to receive, process, honor and pay checks presented for payment and electronic payment requests relating to prepetition Employee Obligations; and (iii) granting related relief.

### **BASIS FOR RELIEF**

- I. Authority to pay Employee Obligations and continue Employee Programs is warranted.
- 25. The Debtors' business depends upon reliable and loyal employees. Honoring the Employee Obligations and Employee Programs is essential to ensure such reliability and loyalty. Failing to promptly honor such obligations will create doubt and concern among the employees and could lead to a significant loss of employees. Significant loss of the Debtors' already depleted workforce at this critical time would immediately and irreparably harm the Debtors' ability to maintain operations to the detriment of all parties in interest.
- 26. Therefore, the Debtors seek the relief in this Motion on several bases under the Bankruptcy Code. First, certain of the prepetition obligations are entitled to priority under section 507 of the Bankruptcy Code. Second, the Debtors are required to pay and remit certain Withholding Obligations under section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code as these amounts are not property of the estate. Third, the Debtors may honor and pay Employee Obligations in the ordinary course of business pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code. Finally, honoring the Employee Obligations is a sound exercise of the Debtors' business judgment, and permissible under the "doctrine of necessity."
  - A. Certain of the Employee Obligations are entitled to priority treatment under section 507 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 27. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 507(a)(4) and (5), certain of the unpaid prepetition Employee Obligations—including unpaid commissions and Accrued

Vacation—are entitled to priority treatment in an amount up to \$15,150.00 for each individual. To the extent that such claims are afforded priority status, the Debtors must pay these claims in full prior to payment of general unsecured creditors under a plan. *See* 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(b) (requiring payment of certain allowed unsecured claims for (a) wages, salaries, or commissions, including vacation, and sick leave pay earned by an individual, and (b) contributions to an employee benefit plan); 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4) (providing that allowed unsecured claims for "(A) wages, salaries, or commissions, including vacation, and sick leave pay earned by an individual; or (B) sales commissions earned by an individual or by a corporation with only 1 employee, acting as an independent contractor . . ." up to \$15,150.00 per individual are entitled to a fourth priority ahead of general unsecured claims); 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(5) (providing that "allowed unsecured claims for contributions to an employee benefit plan," with offsets for payments made under section 507(a)(4), are entitled to a fifth priority).

Obligations will affect only the timing of payments to employees, and will not have any material negative impact on recoveries for general unsecured creditors. Indeed, the Debtors submit that payment of unpaid Employee Obligations will enhance value for the benefit of all stakeholders because it will help ensure that the employees—the lifeblood of the Debtors' business operations—will continue to provide vital services to the Debtors at this critical juncture. In addition, to the extent that the Debtors are authorized, in a reasonable exercise of their business judgment, to pay prepetition Employee Obligations on a postpetition basis in the ordinary course of business, such payments will enhance the value of the Debtors' estates by preserving the value of the Debtors' business for all stakeholders.

# B. Payment of certain Employee Obligations is required by law under section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.

- 29. The Debtors also seek authority to pay Withholding Obligations to the appropriate entities in the ordinary course. These amounts principally represent amounts that employees, governments and judicial authorities have designated for withholding from employees' paychecks. These withholdings include child support and alimony payments, which are not considered property of the Debtors' estates because the Debtors have withheld such amounts from employees' paychecks on another party's behalf. *See* 11 U.S.C. §§ 541(b)(7) and (d).
- 30. Similarly, applicable U.S. federal and state laws require the Debtors to withhold federal, state and local income taxes from employees' paychecks and to pay such amounts to the appropriate taxing authority. *See* 26 U.S.C. §§ 6672 and 7501(a); *City of Farrell v. Sharon Steel Corp.*, 41 F.3d 92, 95–96 (3d Cir. 1994) (finding that state law requiring a corporate debtor to withhold city income tax from its employees' wages created a trust relationship between debtor and the city for payment of withheld income taxes). These Withholding Obligations are also not property of the Debtors' estates and, accordingly, the Debtors request that the Court authorize them to transmit the Withholding Obligations to the proper parties in the ordinary course of business.

# C. The Debtors may honor and pay Employee Obligations in the ordinary course of business pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code.

31. The Debtors' ability to compensate current employees in the ordinary course of business is necessary to the Debtors' success in these Chapter 11 Cases and is consistent with section 363(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. See 11 U.S.C. § 363(c)(1) (providing that, so long as "the business of the debtor is authorized to be operated under [section 1008 of the Bankruptcy Code] and unless the court orders otherwise, the trustee may enter into transactions, including the sale or lease of property of the estate, in the ordinary course of business, without notice or a

hearing, and may use property of the estate in the ordinary course of business, without notice or a hearing"); 11 U.S.C. § 1108 (providing that a debtor in possession, as trustee, may operate the debtor's business unless a court orders otherwise). As such, the Debtors believe sufficient cause exists to pay Employee Obligations in the ordinary course on a postpetition basis.

# D. Payment of the Employee Obligations is a sound exercise of the Debtors' business judgment.

- appropriate circumstances, they may authorize a debtor to pay (or provide special treatment for) certain prepetition obligations. *See, e.g., In re Just for Feet, Inc.*, 242 B.R. 821, 825 (D. Del. 1999) ("The Supreme Court, the Third Circuit and the District of Delaware all recognize the court's power to authorize payment of prepetition claims when such payment is necessary for the debtor's survival during chapter 11."); *In re Columbia Gas Sys., Inc.*, 136 B.R. 930, 939 (Bankr. D. Del. 1992) (citing *In re Lehigh & New England Ry. Co.*, 657 F.2d 570, 581 (3d Cir. 1981) (recognizing that "[i]f payment of a prepetition claim 'is essential to the continued operation of [the debtor], payment may be authorized")); *In re Ionosphere Clubs, Inc.*, 98 B.R. 174, 175 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1989) (finding sound business justification for payment of certain prepetition claims). When authorizing such payments, courts have relied upon several legal theories rooted in Bankruptcy Code sections 1107(a), 1108, 363(b) and 105(a).
- 33. Pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code, a debtor in possession is a fiduciary charged with "holding the bankruptcy estate and operating the business for the benefit of its creditors and (if the value justifies) equity owners." *In re CoServ, L.L.C.*, 273 B.R. 487, 497 (Bankr. N.D. Tex. 2002). Inherent in a debtor in possession's fiduciary duties is the obligation to "protect and preserve the estate, including an operating business's going-concern value," which, in certain instances, can be fulfilled "only . . . by the preplan satisfaction of a

prepetition claim." *Id.* Indeed, the *CoServ* court specifically noted that the pre-plan satisfaction of prepetition claims would be a valid exercise of the debtor's fiduciary duty when the payment "is the only means to effect a substantial enhancement of the estate . . . ." *Id.* Consistent with a debtor's fiduciary duties, where there is a sound business purpose for the payment of prepetition obligations, and where the debtor is able to "articulate some business justification, other than the mere appearsement of major creditors," courts have authorized debtors to make such payments under section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. *Ionosphere Clubs*, 98 B.R. at 175 (finding that a sound business justification existed to pay prepetition wages).

- 34. Courts have also authorized payment of prepetition claims in appropriate circumstances pursuant to section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. This section, which codifies the inherent equitable powers of the bankruptcy court, empowers the bankruptcy court to "issue any order, process, or judgment that is necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this title." 11 U.S.C. § 105(a). Under section 105(a), courts may permit pre-plan payments of prepetition obligations when such payments are essential to the continued operation of the debtor's business and, in particular, where nonpayment of a prepetition obligation would trigger a withholding of services essential to the debtors' business reorganization plan. *See Ionosphere Clubs*, 98 B.R. at 177 (finding that section 105 empowers bankruptcy courts to authorize payment of prepetition debt when such payment is needed to facilitate the rehabilitation of the debtor).
- 35. In addition to the authority granted a debtor in possession under Bankruptcy Code sections 1107(a), 1108, 363(b) and 105(a), courts have developed the "doctrine of necessity" or the "necessity of payment" rule, which originated in the landmark case of *Miltenberger v. Logansport, C. & S.W.R. Co.*, 106 U.S. 286, 310 (1882). Since *Miltenberger*, courts have

expanded their application of the doctrine of necessity to cover instances of a debtor's reorganization. See, e.g., Lehigh & New England Ry. Co., 657 F.2d at 581–82.

- 36. Today, the rationale for the necessity of payment rule—the preservation of a business in chapter 11 cases—is "the paramount policy and goal of Chapter 11." *Ionosphere Clubs*, 98 B.R. at 176; *see also In re Just for Feet, Inc.*, 242 B.R. at 826 (finding that payment of prepetition claims to certain trade vendors was "essential to the survival of the debtor during the chapter 11 reorganization"); 2 Collier on Bankruptcy ¶ 105.02[4][a] (Alan N. Resnick & Henry J. Sommer eds., 16th ed.) (discussing cases in which courts have relied upon the doctrine of necessity or the necessity of payment rule to pay prepetition claims immediately).
- 37. The relief requested herein will benefit the Debtors' estates and creditors by allowing the Debtors' business operations to continue without interruption. In the absence of such payments, the Debtors believe that their employees may immediately seek alternative employment opportunities and will cease providing services to the Debtors. Such a development would have a devastating impact on the Debtors' businesses, deplete the Debtors' workforce and diminish confidence in the Debtors. Moreover, the loss of valuable individuals and the recruiting efforts that would be required to replace any essential employees would be a massive and costly distraction at a time when the Debtors should be focusing on these Chapter 11 Cases.

### II. Cause exists to authorize the Debtors' financial institutions to honor checks and electronic fund transfers.

38. The Debtors represent that they have sufficient availability of funds to pay the amounts described herein in the ordinary course of business by virtue of cash reserves and expected cash flows from ongoing business operations. Also, under the Debtors' existing cash management system, the Debtors represent that checks or wire transfer requests can be readily identified as relating to an authorized payment made with respect to the Employee Obligations.

Accordingly, the Debtors believe that checks or wire transfer requests, other than those relating to authorized payments, will not be honored inadvertently and that all applicable banks should be authorized and directed, when requested by the Debtors, to receive, process, honor and pay any and all checks or wire transfer requests with respect to the Employee Obligations.

### THE REQUIREMENTS OF BANKRUPTCY RULE 6003 ARE SATISFIED

- 39. In order for a debtor to obtain relief to make payments within 21 days of the petition date, it must establish that making such payments satisfies the requirements mandated by Bankruptcy Rule 6003—namely, the relief requested is necessary to avoid "immediate and irreparable harm." If a debtor's prospect of reorganizing is threatened, or swift diminution in value of the debtor's estate is likely, absent the granting of the requested relief, immediate and irreparable harm likely exists. *See In re WorldSpace, Inc.*, No. 08-12412, 2008 WL 8153639, at \*2 (Bankr. D. Del. Oct. 20, 2008) (granting emergency motions for post-petition financing, adequate protection, and modification of the stay where the court found that the relief was necessary to avoid irreparable harm to the debtors and their estates because such relief was essential for the continued operations of the debtors' businesses); *In re New World Pasta Co.*, No. 04-02817, 2004 WL 5651052, at \*5 (Bankr. M.D. Pa. July 9, 2004) (same); *see also In re Ames Dep't Stores, Inc.*, 115 B.R. 34, 36 n.2 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1990) (finding that "immediate and irreparable harm" exists where loss of the business threatens ability to reorganize).
- 40. Here, immediate and irreparable harm would result if the relief requested herein is not granted. As discussed above, the Debtors' employees are integral to the Debtors' operations. Failing to satisfy obligations to them in the ordinary course of business will jeopardize loyalty and trust, possibly diminishing the Debtors' workforce and thereby disrupting the Debtors' operations. It is imperative that the Debtors maintain the value of the businesses throughout the Chapter 11 Cases. Moreover, the Debtors' employees rely on the Debtors' timely payment of their

compensation and provision of benefits for their livelihood. Accordingly, the Debtors respectfully submit that they have satisfied the "immediate and irreparable harm" standard of Bankruptcy Rule 6003 for the prepetition amount of Employee Obligations that the Debtors seek authority to pay pursuant to the Interim Order.

### WAIVER OF BANKRUPTCY RULE 6004(a) AND 6004(h)

41. Given the nature of the relief requested herein, the Debtors respectfully request a waiver of (i) the notice requirements under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) and (ii) the 14-day stay under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), to the extent that either rule is applicable.

### **DEBTORS' RESERVATION OF RIGHTS**

42. Nothing contained in this Motion or any actions taken by the Debtors pursuant to relief granted in the proposed interim order and the proposed final order is intended or should be construed as: (a) an admission as to the validity of any particular claim against any Debtor; (b) a waiver of any of the Debtors' rights to dispute any particular claim on any grounds; (c) a promise or requirement to pay any particular claim; (d) an implication or admission that any particular claim is of a type specified or defined in this Motion; (e) a request or authorization to assume any agreement, contract, or lease pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code; (f) a waiver or limitation of the Debtors' rights under the Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable law; or (g) a concession by the Debtors that any liens (contractual, common law, statutory, or otherwise) satisfied pursuant to this Motion are valid, and the Debtors expressly reserve their rights to contest the extent, validity, or perfection or seek avoidance of all such liens. If the Court grants the relief sought herein, any payment made pursuant to the Court's order is not intended and should not be construed as an admission as to the validity of any particular claim or a waiver of any Debtors' rights to subsequently dispute such claim.

#### **NOTICE**

Trustee; (ii) the Subchapter V trustee appointed in these cases (the "Subchapter V Trustee"); (iii) the Internal Revenue Service; (iv) the Securities and Exchange Commission; (v) the Delaware Secretary of State; (vi) the Delaware Secretary of the Treasury; (vii) the Debtors' secured creditors; (viii) each of the Debtors' consolidated twenty (20) largest unsecured creditors; and (ix) all parties requesting notice pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002. Notice of this Motion and any order entered hereon will be served in accordance with Local Rule 9013-1(m). In light of the nature of the relief requested herein, the Debtors submit that no other or further notice is necessary.

### **CONCLUSION**

WHEREFORE, for the reasons set forth herein, the Debtors respectfully request that the Court (a) enter the proposed interim order substantially in the form annexed hereto as **Exhibit A** granting the relief requested in the Motion and such other and further relief as may be just and proper, and (b) schedule a Final Hearing on the Motion as soon as is otherwise practicable thereafter to consider entry of the proposed final order substantially in the form annexed hereto as **Exhibit B**.

Dated: April 25, 2024

Wilmington, Delaware

## PASHMAN STEIN WALDER HAYDEN, P.C.

/s/ John W. Weiss

John W. Weiss (No. 4160)
Joseph C. Barsalona II (No. 6102)
1007 North Orange Street, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Suite 183
Wilmington, DE 19801-1242
Telephone: (302) 592-6496
Email: jweiss@pashmanstein.com
jbarsalona@pashmanstein.com

-and-

Richard C. Solow (*pro hac vice* pending)
Katherine R. Beilin (*pro hac vice* pending)
Court Plaza South, East Wing
21 Main Street, Suite 200
Hackensack, NJ 07601
Telephone: (201) 488-8200
Email: rsolow@pashmanstein.com
kbeilin@pashmanstein.com

Proposed Counsel to the Debtors and Debtors in Possession

### Exhibit A

Proposed Interim Order

### IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re	Chapter 11
Sticky's Holdings LLC, et al.,	Case No. 24-10856
Debtors. <sup>1</sup>	Joint Administration Requested
	Re. D.I

INTERIM ORDER (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO PAY CERTAIN PREPETITION WAGES, BENEFITS AND OTHER COMPENSATION OBLIGATIONS, (II) AUTHORIZING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO HONOR ALL OBLIGATIONS RELATED THERETO, AND (III) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

Upon the motion (the "Motion")<sup>2</sup> of the above captioned debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "Debtors") for entry of an interim order (this "Interim Order") and final order pursuant to sections 105(a), 363, 507 and 541 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 6003(b) and 6004 and Local Rule 9013-1(m): (i) authorizing the Debtors to pay and honor certain prepetition wages, benefits and other compensation obligations; (ii) authorizing and directing banks and financial institutions to receive, process, honor and pay checks presented for payment and electronic payment requests relating to prepetition employee wages and benefits; and (iii) granting related relief, all as more fully described in the Motion; and upon consideration of the First Day Declaration; and due and sufficient notice of the Motion having been given under the circumstances; and it appearing that no other or further notice need be provided under the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number are as follows: Sticky's Holdings LLC (3586); Sticky Fingers LLC (3212); Sticky Fingers II LLC (7125); Sticky Fingers III LLC (3914); Sticky Fingers IV LLC (9412); Sticky Fingers V LLC (1465); Sticky Fingers VI LLC (0578); Sticky's BK I LLC (0423); Sticky's NJ 1 LLC (5162); Sticky Fingers VII LLC (1491); Sticky's NJ II LLC (6642); Sticky Fingers IX LLC (5036); Sticky's NJ III LLC (7036); Sticky Fingers VIII LLC (0080); Sticky NJ IV LLC (6341); Sticky's WC 1 LLC (0427); Sticky's Franchise LLC (5232); Sticky's PA GK I LLC (7496); Stickys Corporate LLC (5719); and Sticky's IP LLC (4569). The Debtors' mailing address is 24 E. 23rd Street, New York, NY 10010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

circumstances; and it appearing that the relief requested by the Motion is in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates, their creditors and other parties in interest; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor;

#### IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Motion is GRANTED on an interim basis as set forth herein.
- 2. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, in a reasonable exercise of their business judgment, to: (i) pay or otherwise honor the Employee Obligations; (ii) honor and continue the Employee Programs that were in effect as of the Petition Date in the ordinary course of business; and (iii) make all Withholding Obligation payments relating to the Employee Obligations as required by law; provided, however, that the aggregate of cash payments provided for in this paragraph shall not exceed \$15,150 per individual employee as provided in section 507(a)(4)-(5) of the Bankruptcy Code; provided, further, that aggregate payments under this Interim Order on account of Employee Obligations will not exceed \$65,000.00.<sup>3</sup> For the avoidance of doubt, this authority is inclusive of any prepetition amounts that may become payable under this Interim Order to third-party service providers that administer, insure or otherwise facilitate the Employee Obligations.
- 3. To the extent the Debtors make any payments on account of prepetition claims under a self-insured Health Plan, such payments shall be made without regard to the current employment status of the employee, provided that such employee (or dependent) was eligible for coverage on the date such claim was incurred.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For the avoidance of doubt, the \$65,000 amount includes payments for unpaid wages to non-furloughed employees, as well as amounts necessary to satisfy Independent Contractor Obligations, that accrued as of the Petition Date.

- 4. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to issue postpetition checks or to effect postpetition fund transfer requests in replacement of any checks or fund transfer requests that are dishonored as a consequence of these Chapter 11 Cases with respect to prepetition amounts owed to their employees.
- 5. All banks and other financial institutions are hereby directed to receive, process, honor, and pay any and all checks presented for payment and electronic transfer requests made by the Debtors related to the payment of the obligations described in the Motion and approved herein, whether such checks were presented or such electronic transfer requests were submitted before, or are presented or submitted after, the Petition Date. All such banks and financial institutions are further directed to rely on the Debtors' designation of any particular check or electronic payment request as approved pursuant to this Interim Order.
- 6. Subject to the requirements of this Interim Order, the Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to modify, change and/or discontinue any of the Employee Obligations and Employee Programs and to implement new Employee Obligations and Employee Programs in the ordinary course of business during the pendency of these Chapter 11 Cases in their discretion without the need for further Court approval, *provided however*, that the Debtors shall seek Court approval, upon notice and a motion, of any modification that would implicate any portion of section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 7. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Interim Order authorizes or approves any payments or transfers subject to section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. Further, nothing in this Interim Order shall be deemed to violate or permit a violation of section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- 8. Nothing in the Motion or in this Interim Order is intended or should be construed as (a) an admission as to the validity or priority of any claim against the Debtors, (b) a waiver of the Debtors' rights to dispute any claim, including the validity or priority thereof or (c) an approval or assumption of any agreement, contract or lease whether under section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise. Likewise, any payment made pursuant to this Interim Order is not intended and should not be construed as an admission as to the validity of any claim or a waiver of the Debtors' rights to subsequently dispute such claim.
- 9. At the final hearing on the Motion, the Court shall address that portion of the Motion in which Debtors seek authority to continue the severance program as to current employees who may be terminated post-petition.
- 10. Nothing herein shall be deemed to: (1) authorize payment of bonus or severance obligations, or which are subject to Section 503(c); or (2) authorize the Debtors to cash out unpaid vacation/leave time except upon termination of an employee, if applicable state law requires such payment.
- 11. Responses or objections to the Motion and entry of a final order with respect to the Motion must: (i) be made in writing; (ii) state with particularity the grounds therefor; (iii) conform to the Bankruptcy Rules and the Local Rules; and (iv) be served upon (a) proposed counsel to the Debtors, Pashman Stein Walder Hayden, P.C., 1007 North Orange Street, 4th Floor, Suite #183, Wilmington, Delaware, 19899-1347, Attn: John W. Weiss (jweiss@pashmanstein.com); Joseph C. Barsalona II (jbarsalona@pashmanstein.com) Richard C. Solow (rsolow@pashmanstein.com) and Katherine R. Beilin (kbeilin@pashmanstein.com), (b) the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware, J. Caleb Boggs Building, 844 King Street, Suite 2207, Lockbox 35, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, Attn: Joseph F. Cudia

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(joseph.cudia@usdoj.gov) and Jonathan W. Lipshie (Jon.Lipshie@usdoj.gov), and (c) the		
Subchapter V Trustee, [●] (the "Notice Parties").		
12. The deadline by which objections to the Motion and the final order must be		
filed and received by the Notice Parties is		
p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time). A final hearing, if required, on the Motion will be held on		
Time). If no objections are filed to the Motion and entry of this Interim Order on a final basis, the		
Court may enter a final order without further notice or a hearing.		
13. The Debtors are authorized and empowered to take such actions as may be		
necessary and appropriate to implement the terms of this Interim Order.		
14. The Court finds and determines that the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule		
6003 are satisfied and the relief requested herein is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable		
harm.		
15. Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), this Interim Order shall be		
effective and enforceable immediately upon entry hereof.		
16. This Court shall retain jurisdiction with respect to all matters related to the		
interpretation or implementation of this Interim Order.		
Date:, 2024 Wilmington, Delaware		
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE		

### Exhibit B

Proposed Final Order

## IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re	Chapter 11
Sticky's Holdings LLC, et al.,	Case No. 24-10856
Debtors. <sup>1</sup>	Joint Administration Requested
	Re. D.I.

FINAL ORDER (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO PAY CERTAIN PREPETITION WAGES, BENEFITS AND OTHER COMPENSATION OBLIGATIONS, (II) AUTHORIZING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO HONOR ALL OBLIGATIONS RELATED THERETO, AND (III) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

Upon the motion (the "Motion")<sup>2</sup> of the above captioned debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "Debtors") for entry of an interim order (the "Interim Order") and a final order (this "Final Order") pursuant to sections 105(a), 363, 507 and 541of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 6003(b) and 6004 and Local Rule 9013-1(m): (i) authorizing the Debtors to pay and honor certain prepetition wages, benefits and other compensation obligations; (ii) authorizing and directing banks and financial institutions to receive, process, honor and pay checks presented for payment and electronic payment requests relating to prepetition employee wages and benefits; and (iii) granting related relief, all as more fully described in the Motion; and the Court having previously entered the Interim Order; and upon consideration of the First Day Declaration; and due and sufficient notice of the Motion having been given; and it appearing that no other or further notice need be provided; and it appearing that the relief requested by this Motion

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number are as follows: Sticky's Holdings LLC (3586); Sticky Fingers LLC (3212); Sticky Fingers II LLC (7125); Sticky Fingers III LLC (3914); Sticky Fingers IV LLC (9412); Sticky Fingers V LLC (1465); Sticky Fingers VI LLC (0578); Sticky's BK I LLC (0423); Sticky's NJ I LLC (5162); Sticky Fingers VII LLC (1491); Sticky's NJ II LLC (6642); Sticky Fingers IX LLC (5036); Sticky's NJ III LLC (7036); Sticky Fingers VIII LLC (0080); Sticky NJ IV LLC (6341); Sticky's WC 1 LLC (0427); Sticky's Franchise LLC (5232); Sticky's PA GK I LLC (7496); Stickys Corporate LLC (5719); and Sticky's IP LLC (4569). The Debtors' mailing address is 24 E. 23rd Street, New York, NY 10010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

is in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates, their creditors, and other parties in interest; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor;

#### IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Motion is GRANTED on a final basis as set forth herein.
- 2. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, in a reasonable exercise of their business judgment, to: (i) pay or otherwise honor the Employee Obligations; (ii) honor and continue the Employee Programs that were in effect as of the Petition Date in the ordinary course of business; and (iii) make all Withholding Obligation payments relating to the Employee Obligations as required by law, provided, however, that the aggregate of cash payments provided for in this paragraph shall not exceed \$15,150 per individual employee as provided in section 507(a)(4)-(5) of the Bankruptcy Code. For the avoidance of doubt, this authority is inclusive of any prepetition amounts that may become payable under this Final Order to third-party service providers that administer, insure or otherwise facilitate the Employee Obligations.
- 3. To the extent the Debtors make any payments on account of prepetition claims under a self-insured Health Plan, such payments shall be made without regard to the current employment status of the employee, provided that such employee (or dependent) was eligible for coverage on the date such claim was incurred.
- 4. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to issue postpetition checks or to effect postpetition fund transfer requests in replacement of any checks or fund transfer requests that are dishonored as a consequence of these Chapter 11 Cases with respect to prepetition amounts owed to their employees.
- 5. All banks and other financial institutions are hereby directed to receive, process, honor, and pay any and all checks presented for payment and electronic transfer requests

made by the Debtors related to the payment of the obligations described in the Motion and approved herein, whether such checks were presented or such electronic transfer requests were submitted before, or are presented or submitted after, the Petition Date. All such banks and financial institutions are further directed to rely on the Debtors' designation of any particular check or electronic payment request as approved pursuant to this Final Order.

- 6. Subject to the requirements of this Final Order, the Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to modify, change and/or discontinue any of the Employee Obligations and Employee Programs and to implement new Employee Obligations and Employee Programs in the ordinary course of business during the pendency of these Chapter 11 Cases in their discretion without the need for further Court approval, *provided however*, that the Debtors shall seek Court approval, upon notice and a motion, of any modification that would implicate any portion of section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 7. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Final Order authorizes or approves any payments or transfers subject to section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. Further, nothing in this Final Order shall be deemed to violate or permit a violation of section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 8. Nothing in the Motion or in this Final Order is intended or should be construed as (a) an admission as to the validity or priority of any claim against the Debtors, (b) a waiver of the Debtors' rights to dispute any claim, including the validity or priority thereof or (c) an approval or assumption of any agreement, contract or lease whether under section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise. Likewise, any payment made pursuant to this Final Order is not intended and should not be construed as an admission as to the validity of any claim or a waiver of the Debtors' rights to subsequently dispute such claim.

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9. Nothing herein shall be deemed to: (1) authorize payment of bonus or

severance obligations, or which are subject to Section 503(c); or (2) authorize the Debtors to cash

out unpaid vacation/leave time except upon termination of an employee, if applicable state law

requires such payment.

10. The Debtors are authorized and empowered to take such actions as may be

necessary and appropriate to implement the terms of this Final Order.

11. Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), this Final Order shall be

effective and enforceable immediately upon entry hereof.

12. This Court shall retain jurisdiction to hear and determine all matters related

to the interpretation or implementation of this Final Order.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2024 Wilmington Delaware

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

### Exhibit B

Interim Order

### IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re	Chapter 11
Sticky's Holdings LLC, et al.,	Case No. 24-10856 (JKS)
Debtors. <sup>1</sup>	Joint Administration Requested
	Re. D.I. 11

# INTERIM ORDER (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO PAY CERTAIN PREPETITION WAGES, BENEFITS AND OTHER COMPENSATION OBLIGATIONS, (II) AUTHORIZING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO HONOR ALL OBLIGATIONS RELATED THERETO, AND (III) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

Upon the motion (the "Motion")<sup>2</sup> of the above captioned debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "Debtors") for entry of an interim order (this "Interim Order") and final order pursuant to sections 105(a), 363, 507 and 541 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 6003(b) and 6004 and Local Rule 9013-1(m): (i) authorizing the Debtors to pay and honor certain prepetition wages, benefits and other compensation obligations; (ii) authorizing and directing banks and financial institutions to receive, process, honor and pay checks presented for payment and electronic payment requests relating to prepetition employee wages and benefits; and (iii) granting related relief, all as more fully described in the Motion; and upon consideration of the First Day Declaration; and due and sufficient notice of the Motion having been given under the circumstances; and it appearing that no other or further notice need be provided under the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number are as follows: Sticky's Holdings LLC (3586); Sticky Fingers LLC (3212); Sticky Fingers II LLC (7125); Sticky Fingers III LLC (3914); Sticky Fingers IV LLC (9412); Sticky Fingers V LLC (1465); Sticky Fingers VI LLC (0578); Sticky's BK I LLC (0423); Sticky's NJ I LLC (5162); Sticky Fingers VII LLC (1491); Sticky's NJ II LLC (6642); Sticky Fingers IX LLC (5036); Sticky's NJ III LLC (7036); Sticky Fingers VIII LLC (0080); Sticky NJ IV LLC (6341); Sticky's WC 1 LLC (0427); Sticky's Franchise LLC (5232); Sticky's PA GK I LLC (7496); Stickys Corporate LLC (5719); and Sticky's IP LLC (4569). The Debtors' mailing address is 24 E. 23rd Street, New York, NY 10010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

circumstances; and it appearing that the relief requested by the Motion is in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates, their creditors and other parties in interest; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor;

#### IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Motion is GRANTED on an interim basis as set forth herein.
- 2. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, in a reasonable exercise of their business judgment, to: (i) pay or otherwise honor the Employee Obligations; (ii) honor and continue the Employee Programs that were in effect as of the Petition Date in the ordinary course of business; and (iii) make all Withholding Obligation payments relating to the Employee Obligations as required by law; provided, however, that the aggregate of cash payments provided for in this paragraph shall not exceed \$15,150 per individual employee as provided in section 507(a)(4)-(5) of the Bankruptcy Code; provided, further, that aggregate payments under this Interim Order on account of Employee Obligations will not exceed \$65,000.00.<sup>3</sup> For the avoidance of doubt, this authority is inclusive of any prepetition amounts that may become payable under this Interim Order to third-party service providers that administer, insure or otherwise facilitate the Employee Obligations.
- 3. To the extent the Debtors make any payments on account of prepetition claims under a self-insured Health Plan, such payments shall be made without regard to the current employment status of the employee, provided that such employee (or dependent) was eligible for coverage on the date such claim was incurred.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For the avoidance of doubt, the \$65,000 amount includes payments for unpaid wages to non-furloughed employees, as well as amounts necessary to satisfy Independent Contractor Obligations, that accrued as of the Petition Date.

- 4. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to issue postpetition checks or to effect postpetition fund transfer requests in replacement of any checks or fund transfer requests that are dishonored as a consequence of these Chapter 11 Cases with respect to prepetition amounts owed to their employees.
- 5. All banks and other financial institutions are hereby authorized to receive, process, honor, and pay any and all checks presented for payment and electronic transfer requests made by the Debtors related to the payment of the obligations described in the Motion and approved herein, whether such checks were presented or such electronic transfer requests were submitted before, or are presented or submitted after, the Petition Date. All such banks and financial institutions are further authorized to rely on the Debtors' designation of any particular check or electronic payment request as approved pursuant to this Interim Order.
- 6. Subject to the requirements of this Interim Order, the Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to modify, change and/or discontinue any of the Employee Obligations and Employee Programs and to implement new Employee Obligations and Employee Programs in the ordinary course of business during the pendency of these Chapter 11 Cases in their discretion without the need for further Court approval, *provided however*, that the Debtors shall seek Court approval, upon notice and a motion, of any modification that would implicate any portion of section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 7. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Interim Order authorizes or approves any payments or transfers subject to section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. Further, nothing in this Interim Order shall be deemed to violate or permit a violation of section 503(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- 8. Nothing in the Motion or in this Interim Order is intended or should be construed as (a) an admission as to the validity or priority of any claim against the Debtors, (b) a waiver of the Debtors' rights to dispute any claim, including the validity or priority thereof or (c) an approval or assumption of any agreement, contract or lease whether under section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise. Likewise, any payment made pursuant to this Interim Order is not intended and should not be construed as an admission as to the validity of any claim or a waiver of the Debtors' rights to subsequently dispute such claim.
- 9. At the final hearing on the Motion, the Court shall address that portion of the Motion in which Debtors seek authority to continue the severance program as to current employees who may be terminated post-petition.
- 10. Nothing herein shall be deemed to: (1) authorize payment of bonus or severance obligations, or which are subject to Section 503(c); or (2) authorize the Debtors to cash out unpaid vacation/leave time except upon termination of an employee, if applicable state law requires such payment.
- 11. Responses or objections to the Motion and entry of a final order with respect to the Motion must: (i) be made in writing; (ii) state with particularity the grounds therefor; (iii) conform to the Bankruptcy Rules and the Local Rules; and (iv) be served upon (a) proposed counsel to the Debtors, Pashman Stein Walder Hayden, P.C., 1007 North Orange Street, 4th Floor, Suite #183, Wilmington, Delaware, 19899-1347, Attn: John W. Weiss (jweiss@pashmanstein.com); Joseph C. Barsalona II (jbarsalona@pashmanstein.com) Richard C. Solow (rsolow@pashmanstein.com) and Katherine R. Beilin (kbeilin@pashmanstein.com), (b) the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware, J. Caleb Boggs Building, 844 King Street, Suite 2207, Lockbox 35, Wilmington, Delaware, 19801, Attn: Joseph F. Cudia

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(joseph.cudia@usdoj.gov) and Jonathan W. Lipshie (Jon.Lipshie@usdoj.gov), and (c) the

Subchapter V Trustee, Natasha Songonuga, VTrustee LLC, P.O. Box 841, Wilmington, DE 19899

(Nsongonuga@VTrusteellc.com) (the "Notice Parties").

The deadline by which objections to the Motion and the final order must be 12.

filed and received by the Notice Parties is May 13, 2024, at 4:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time).

A final hearing, if required, on the Motion will be held on May 20, 2024 at 1:00 p.m. (prevailing

Eastern Time). If no objections are filed to the Motion and entry of this Interim Order on a final

basis, the Court may enter a final order without further notice or a hearing.

13. The Debtors are authorized and empowered to take such actions as may be

necessary and appropriate to implement the terms of this Interim Order.

14. The Court finds and determines that the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule

6003 are satisfied and the relief requested herein is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable

harm.

15. Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), this Interim Order shall be

effective and enforceable immediately upon entry hereof.

16. This Court shall retain jurisdiction with respect to all matters related to the

interpretation or implementation of this Interim Order.

Dated: April 26th, 2024 Wilmington, Delaware

D STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE