

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

In re:

PURDUE PHARMA L.P., et al.,

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 19-23649 (RDD)

(Jointly Administered)

General Opioid Claimant Proof of Claim Form

You may file your claim electronically at PurduePharmaClaims.com via the link entitled "Submit a Claim."

For questions regarding this Proof of Claim Form, please call Prime Clerk at (844) 217-0912 or visit PurduePharmaClaims.com.

Read the instructions at the end of this document before filling out this form. This form is for any person or entity, other than a governmental unit or Native American Tribe, to assert a general unsecured claim against the Debtors based on or involving opioids or their production, marketing and sale, including without limitation, the Debtors' production, marketing and sale of Purdue Opioids, excluding claims for personal injury.

Do not use this form to assert a claim against the Debtors seeking damages based on personal injury related to the taking of a Purdue Opioid and/or the taking of another opioid for which You believe Purdue is responsible for Your damages. File such claims on a Personal Injury Claimant Proof of Claim Form.

Do not use this form to assert any other pre-petition claims, including secured claims or claims entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a). Secured claims, claims entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a), and non-opioid related claims should be filed on a Non-Opioid Claimant Proof of Claim Form (Form 410). However, if You have a claim against the Debtors based on non-opioid-related injuries or harm, in addition to Your claim based on or involving the Debtors' production, marketing and sale of Purdue Opioids, You may include information related to that claim on the General Opioid Claimant Proof of Claim Form by completing Part 4 of this form.

Creditor (also referred to as "You" throughout) shall provide information responsive to the questions set forth below. Instructions and Definitions are provided at the end of this document. You shall provide information reasonably available to You and are not excused from providing the requested information for failure to appropriately investigate Your claim. Creditor shall supplement its responses if it learns that they are incomplete or incorrect in any material respect.

You must leave out or redact information that is entitled to privacy on this form or on any attached documents. Attach redacted copies of any documents that support the claim. **Do not send original documents** as they will not be returned, and they may be destroyed after scanning.

Fill in all the information about the claim as of September 15, 2019, the Petition Date. You may also fill in information regarding any claims You believe You may have after September 15, 2019 on this form. This form should be completed to the best of Your ability with the information available to You. If You are unable to answer certain questions at this time, the absence of an answer, by itself, will not result in the denial of Your claim, though You may be asked or required to provide additional information at a later date. You may also amend or supplement Your claim after it is filed.

Part 1: Identify the Claim

1. Who is the current creditor?

Name of the individual or entity to be paid for this claim. If the creditor is a minor (under 18), please provide only the minor's initials.
Other names the creditor used with the debtor, including maiden, d/b/a/, or other names used:

2. Describe the creditor making the claim.

- Individual Retirement or Pension Fund Administrator
 Hospital Pharmacy Benefit Manager
 Third Party Payor Other (describe): _____

3. Has this claim been acquired from someone else or some other entity?

- No
 Yes. From whom? _____

4. Where should notices and payments to the creditor be sent?
Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) 2002(g)

Where should notices to the creditor be sent?

Where should payments to the creditor be sent? (if different)

Name _____

Name _____

Number _____ Street _____

Number _____ Street _____

City _____ State _____ ZIP Code _____

City _____ State _____ ZIP Code _____

Contact phone _____

Contact phone _____

Contact email _____

Contact email _____

5. Does this claim amend one already filed? No Yes. Claim number on court claims registry (if known) _____ Filed on _____
MM / DD / YYYY

6. Do you know if anyone else has filed a proof of claim for this claim? No Yes. Who made the earlier filing? _____

Part 2: Attorney Information (Optional)

7. Are you represented by an attorney in this matter? No. Yes. If yes, please provide the following information:

You do not need an attorney to file this form.

Law Firm Name _____

Attorney Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ ZIP Code _____

Contact phone _____ Contact email _____

Part 3: Information as of September 15, 2019, the Petition Date, About Your Claim

8. Do you have any number you use to identify the debtor? No Yes. Last 4 digits of the debtor's account or any number you use to identify the debtor: _____

9. How much is the claim? \$ _____ or Unknown.

10. When do You allege You were first injured as a result of the Debtors' alleged conduct? _____ / _____
Month Year

11. Describe the conduct of the Debtors You allege resulted in injury or damages to You.

Attach additional sheets if necessary.

Part 4: Non-Opioid-Related Claims

15. Do You believe You have any claims against the Debtors based on non-opioid-related claims or harm?

- No.
 Yes. If yes, please describe the nature of the claim(s) (Attach additional sheets if necessary).

16. How much is the claim?

- \$ _____ or
 Unknown.

Part 5: Sign Below

The person completing this proof of claim must sign and date it. FRBP 9011(b).

If you file this claim electronically, FRBP 5005(a)(2) authorizes courts to establish local rules specifying what a signature is.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.

Check the appropriate box:

- I am the creditor.
 I am the creditor's attorney or authorized agent.
 I am the trustee, or the debtor, or their authorized agent. Bankruptcy Rule 3004.
 I am a guarantor, surety, endorser, or other codebtor. Bankruptcy Rule 3005.

I understand that an authorized signature on this *Proof of Claim* serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.

I have examined the information in this *Proof of Claim* and have a reasonable belief that the information is true and correct.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on date _____ (mm/dd/yyyy)

Signature

Print the name of the person who is completing and signing this claim:

Name _____
First name Middle name Last name

Title _____

Company _____
Identify the corporate servicer as the company if the authorized agent is a servicer.

Address _____
Number Street

City State ZIP Code

Instructions for General Opioid Proof of Claim Form

These instructions and definitions generally explain the law. In certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases that debtors do not file voluntarily, exceptions to these general rules may apply. You should consider obtaining the advice of an attorney, especially if you are unfamiliar with the bankruptcy process and privacy regulations.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both.
18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157 and 3571.

How to fill out this form

- Fill in all of the information about the claim as of the date the bankruptcy case was filed, September 15, 2019. You may also fill in information regarding any claims you believe you may have after September 15, 2019 on this form.
- If the claim has been acquired from someone else, then state the identity of the last party who owned the claim or was the holder of the claim and who transferred it to you before the initial claim was filed.
- Attach any supporting documents to this form. Attach redacted copies of any documents that show that the debt exists, a lien secures the debt, or both. (See the definition of *redaction* on the next page.)

Also attach redacted copies of any documents that show perfection of any security interest or any assignments or transfers of the debt. In addition to the documents, a summary may be added. Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (called “Bankruptcy Rule”) 3001(c) and (d).
- Do not attach original documents because they will not be returned and may be destroyed after scanning.
- If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, do not disclose confidential health care information. Leave out or redact confidential information both in the claim and in the attached documents.
- A *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents must show only the last 4 digits of any social security number, individual’s tax identification number, or financial account number, and only the year of any person’s date of birth. See Bankruptcy Rule 9037.
- For a minor child, fill in only the child’s initials and the full name and address of the child’s parent or guardian. For example, write *A.B., a minor child (John Doe, parent, 123 Main St., City, State)*. See Bankruptcy Rule 9037.

- Each question in this proof of claim form should be construed independently, unless otherwise noted. No question should be construed by reference to any other question if the result is a limitation of the scope of the answer to such question.
- The questions herein do not seek the discovery of information protected by the attorney-client privilege.
- The words “and” and “or” should be construed as necessary to bring within the scope of the request all responses and information that might otherwise be construed to be outside its scope.
- After reviewing this form and any supporting documentation submitted with this form, additional information and documentation may be requested.
- Purdue Pharma (Canada) is not a debtor in this case. If Your claim is against only Purdue Pharma (Canada), You do not have a claim in this case and should not file and submit this form.

Confirmation that the claim has been filed

To receive confirmation that the claim has been filed, enclose a stamped self-addressed envelope and a copy of this form. You may view a list of filed claims in this case by visiting the Claims and Noticing Agent’s website at PurduePharmaClaims.com.

Understand the terms used in this form

Claim: A creditor’s right to receive payment for a debt that the debtor owed on the date the debtor filed for bankruptcy. 11 U.S.C. § 101 (5). A claim may be secured or unsecured.

Creditor: A person, corporation, or other entity to whom a debtor owes a debt that was incurred on or before the date the debtor filed for bankruptcy. 11 U.S.C. § 101 (10).

Debtor: A person, corporation, or other entity who is in bankruptcy. Use the debtor’s name and case number as shown in the bankruptcy notice you received. 11 U.S.C. § 101 (13).

Information that is entitled to privacy: A *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents must show only the last 4 digits of any social security number, an individual's tax identification number, or a financial account number, only the initials of a minor's name, and only the year of any person's date of birth. If a claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services to avoid embarrassment or disclosure of confidential health care information. You may later be required to give more information if the trustee or someone else in interest objects to the claim.

Priority claim: A claim within a category of unsecured claims that is entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a). These claims are paid from the available money or property in a bankruptcy case before other unsecured claims are paid. Common priority unsecured claims include alimony, child support, taxes, and certain unpaid wages.

Proof of claim: A form that shows the amount of debt the debtor owed to a creditor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. The form must be filed in the district where the case is pending.

Purdue Opioid means all natural, semi-synthetic or synthetic chemicals that interact with opioid receptors on nerve cells in the body and brain, and that are approved by the U.S. Food & Drug Administration (FDA) and listed by the DEA as Schedule II or III drugs pursuant to the federal Controlled Substances Act, produced, marketed or sold by the Debtors as (i) the following **Brand Name Medications:** OxyContin®, Hysingla ER®, Butrans®, Dilaudid®, Ryzolt, MS Contin®, MSIR®, Palladone®, DHC Plus®, OxyIR®, and OxyFast®, and (ii) the following **Generic Medications:** oxycodone extended-release tablets, buprenorphine transdermal system, hydromorphone immediate-release tablets, hydromorphone oral solution, tramadol extended-release tablets, morphine extended-release tablets, oxycodone immediate-release tablets, oxycodone and acetaminophen tablets (generic to Percocet®), hydrocodone and acetaminophen tablets (generic to Vicodin® or Norco®). The term "Purdue Opioid(s)" shall not mean: (i) medications and other substances to treat opioid or other substance use disorders, abuse, addiction or overdose; (ii) raw materials and/or immediate precursors used in the manufacture or study of opioids or opioid products, but only when such materials and/or immediate precursors are sold or marketed exclusively to DEA-licensed manufacturers or DEA-licensed researchers; or (iii) opioids listed by the DEA as Schedule IV drugs pursuant to the federal Controlled Substances Act.

Redaction of information: Masking, editing out, or deleting certain information to protect privacy. Filers must redact or leave out information entitled to **privacy** on the *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents.

Secured claim under 11 U.S.C. § 506(a): A claim backed by a lien on particular property of the debtor. A claim is secured to the extent that a creditor has the right to be paid from the property before other creditors are paid. The amount of a secured claim usually cannot be more than the value of the particular property on which the creditor has a lien. Any amount owed to a creditor that is more than the value of the property normally may be an unsecured claim. But exceptions exist; for example, see 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b) and the final sentence of § 1325(a).

Examples of liens on property include a mortgage on real estate or a security interest in a car. A lien may be voluntarily granted by a debtor or may be obtained through a court proceeding. In some states, a court judgment may be a lien.

Unsecured claim: A claim that does not meet the requirements of a secured claim. A claim may be unsecured in part to the extent that the amount of the claim is more than the value of the property on which a creditor has a lien.

Offers to purchase a claim

Certain entities purchase claims for an amount that is less than the face value of the claims. These entities may contact creditors offering to purchase their claims. Some written communications from these entities may easily be confused with official court documentation or communications from the debtor. These entities do not represent the bankruptcy court, the bankruptcy trustee, or the debtor. A creditor has no obligation to sell its claim. However, if a creditor decides to sell its claim, any transfer of that claim is subject to Bankruptcy Rule 3001(e), any provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.) that apply, and any orders of the bankruptcy court that apply.

Please send completed Proof(s) of Claim to:

If by first class mail:

Purdue Pharma Claims Processing Center
c/o Prime Clerk LLC
Grand Central Station, PO Box 4850
New York, NY 10163-4850

If by overnight courier or hand delivery:

Purdue Pharma Claims Processing Center
c/o Prime Clerk LLC
850 Third Avenue, Suite 412
Brooklyn, NY 11232

You may also file your claim electronically at

[PurduePharmaClaims.com](https://www.purduepharmaclaims.com) via the link entitled "Submit a Claim."

Do not file these instructions with your form