1	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF DELAWARE				
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3	IN RE:	. Chapter 11 . Case No. 24-11161 (JTD)			
4	EPIC! CREATIONS, INC., et al.	. (Jointly Administered)			
5	Debtors.	• •			
6	Claudia Z. Springer, Chapter 11 Trustee.	. Adv. Pro. No. 24-50233 (JTD)			
7	Plaintiff.	. (Jointly Administered)			
8					
9	VS.	•			
10	Google, LLC, Voizzit Technology Private, Ltd.,	•			
11	Voizzit Information	. 824 Market Street			
12	Technology, LLC, Vinay Ravindra,	. Wilmington, Delaware 19801			
13	Rajendran Vellapalath, Defendants.	. Tuesday, November 19, 2024 . 10:00 a.m.			
14					
15	TRANSCRIPT OF ZOOM HEARING BEFORE THE HONORABLE JOHN T. DORSEY CHIEF UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE				
16	CHIEF ONTED STA	ATES EMPORTED SOURCE			
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(Proceedings commenced at 10:04 a.m.) 1 2 THE COURT: Good morning. This is Judge Dorsey. We're on the record in Epic! Creations, Inc., Case 3 Number 24-50233. 4 5 I'll go ahead and turn it over to the Trustee's 6 counsel. 7 MR. BARSALONA: Good morning, Your Honor. 8 For the record, Joe Barsalona, from Pashman Stein 9 Walder & Hayden on behalf of the Trustee. Thank you again, Your Honor, for hearing us on 10 such short notice. I know you're probably getting sick of 11 us, but these are very important issues so we very, very much 12 appreciate it. 13 With that, I will turn it over to my co-counsel, 14 15 Ms. Cathy Steege. 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MS. STEEGE: Good morning, Your Honor. 18 Catherine Steege on behalf of the Trustee, and I want to reiterate Mr. Barsalona's thanks to the Court. We 19 20 appreciate that this is putting a burden on the Court but, 21 unfortunately, we don't really have any other choice, given 22 the conduct that's occurred. 23 By now, Your Honor is very familiar with the 24 ongoing systematic attempts to rest control over the debtors'

revenues and intellectual property from these estates.

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Your Honor has been told multiple times that, while the involuntary petition was pending, over \$3 million in revenue was taken from these debtors and transferred over to bad actors, in violation of an Order of this Court.

Since the entry of an Order for Relief and the Trustee's appointment, the misconduct has only accelerated, as the bad actors work to stay one step ahead of the Trustee.

On October 8th, Your Honor entered a Temporary Restraining Order, and thereafter a preliminary injunction to prevent the takeover of the debtors' Stripe account and stop the theft of customer payments that are made through that payment processing platform.

Last week, on November 12th, Your Honor entered an Order finding the automatic stay was violated by an attempted takeover of the debtors' Apple applications, which are a significant source of revenue for these debtors.

On Thursday, there is a hearing scheduled to determine sanctions in connection with that stay violation against the Voizzit-related defendants that are now named in the complaint that's pending before Your Honor this morning and subject to this TRO.

The bad actors behind most of this post-Order for Relief misconduct are Voizzit Technology Private, Limited, Voizzit Information Technology, LLC, Vinay Ravindra, and Rajendran Vellapalath, all of whom we believe have ties to

Think and Learn and the Ravindra brothers.

Mr. Ravindra is the person who attempted to transfer the debtors' Stripe accounts to Voizzit Information Technology, LLC, the entity that's registered in Dubai. He also appears to be the person who changed the registered ownership of the debtors' Apple accounts to Voizzit Technology Private Limited, the entity that's registered in India. Mr. Vellapalath is the founder and owner of these two entities. And in a filing they made on Friday, these Voizzit parties admitted that they are working with Mr. Ravindra, who we know signed the debtors' engagement letter with DLA Piper and, thus, knew of the bankruptcy filings.

Against this backdrop, we're here today to correct yet another blatant violation of the automatic stay by the Voizzit parties.

To put this matter in context, on September 23rd, the Trustee is appointed. As set forth in Mr. Jacob Grall's Declaration, in support of the TRO, the Trustee discovered upon her appointment that the debtors had three types of accounts with Google.

The debtors have a Google Workstation account that houses the debtors' email systems. The debtors had a Cloud account which stores most of the debtors' software codes and other IP, including the software codes that direct revenues from the payment processing platforms into the debtors'

accounts and allow the debtors' systems to work. In other words, this Google Cloud account is really the hub of the debtors' businesses where its important IP is stored and which allows the debtors' computer internet-based platforms to work for its customers.

Finally, the debtor has a Google Play Store account where customers who purchase things on Google can purchase the debtors' various applications.

Almost immediately upon her appointment, the Trustee was told by the debtors' employees that individuals who were not cooperating with her and who were associated with Think and Learn in India were accessing the email system and doing things on that system.

The Trustee reached out to Google's general counsel. She ultimately reached out to Google's Chief Executive Officer. Finally, after two weeks, outside counsel from Google contacted the Trustee and they spoke that very same day, on October 14th.

The next day, because they indicated that they needed more information about these accounts, the Trustee provided Google's outside counsel with all of the information it knew about these various accounts that the debtor was in possession of or should have possession of.

On October 16th, Google said to the Trustee, here's the form of Order we like to use when we're

transferring control over to a bankruptcy trustee, let's use this Order. The Trustee conformed that Order so that it had this case caption and this case's particulars, sent it back to Google's counsel.

During this time period, the Trustee understood that Google had frozen all of these various accounts so bad actors could not continue to act within them.

And then almost daily for a week, the Trustee pushed Google to enter the Order.

Finally, on October 24th, Google said well, we only want to enter an Order covering the Workspace account. So the parties discussed that for a number of days, ultimately, to at least get control of the email system. The Trustee agreed to the entry of just an Order governing the Workspace account, with the understanding that she was reserving her rights with regard to the other accounts.

That Order was submitted on Friday, November 1st. Your Honor entered it on Monday, November 4th. It took about three days for the Trustee to be able to get from Google the information that was needed to be able to take over control as the administrator of the email system.

Because of that access which she gained on

November 7th, the Trustee was able to discover that the

Google Cloud account had been changed from control by Epic!

Employees to individuals with Voizitt.com email addresses.

And so over the next several days, the Trustee asked Google to identify who these Voizzit individuals were, exactly when they had taken over control of the Cloud account, although the Trustee is informed and believed, based upon information from the employees, that this definitely did happen postpetition and around the time of her appointment and after the Order for Relief.

She also asked Google to enter into the same Orders that had been entered in connection with the Workstation account, and in response to those requests, on November 11th, Google's counsel responded, in an email that we attached to the complaint as Exhibit C, "Google advised that the project identified was moved from the Get Epic organization to the Voizitt.com organization. This sounds similar to the issues involved with the Apple developer account. Google is continuing to review this matter and I will update you as soon as I have additional information."

And virtually every day since November 11th, the Trustee has been calling and emailing and speaking with Google's counsel in an attempt to get their agreement to transfer control of these accounts back to the Trustee and —— so that we would then file a motion to void this out as in violation of the automatic stay.

On November 14th, we then discovered that Voizzit Information Technology, LLC -- if you go to the Google Play

Store account for Epic! and you click on the developer link, you will see now that Voizzit Information Technology, LLC is listed as the developer, as opposed to Epic!.

And things finally came to a head yesterday when Google told the Trustee it was not going to change the registered owners of these applications back to the debtors and under the Trustee's control and that it was not going to freeze any of these accounts going forward.

In addition, yesterday, the Tangible Play Account went down and schools were calling employees, saying that they couldn't get access to their Tangible Play applications, and that is definitely connected to what's on the Cloud account because that is where the software is that interacts with the software that allows parties to access their applications.

And we discovered this morning that someone moved the Cloudflare account, which is an account that interacts with this Google Cloud account to provide the Tangible Play applications to customers. So we've got another transfer of ownership of debtors' property that we discovered this morning after the filing of this motion.

And given all of this, the Trustee had no choice but to seek relief in the form of a TRO against Google to order them to do the things that Apple had frankly agreed to do and why we were able to handle that matter in a different

format so that we can get the debtors' Cloud and Play Store accounts back into the debtors' name and under the Trustee's control and to direct and order Voizzit to cease interfering with these accounts and to assist the transfer, as necessary.

We believe this relief is justified under the standards established in the Third Circuit for injunctive relief.

First, we are likely to prevail on the merits. The taking by Voizzit of these accounts is a clear stay violation. Section 362(a)(3) stays, "Any act to obtain possession of property of the estate or property from the estate or to obtain control over property of the estate."

Changing the registered owner of these accounts so as to gain control over the debtors' IP and revenues is an act to obtain control over property of the estate that is void *ab initio* under controlling Third Circuit precedent, including the decision, <u>Constitution Bank v. Tubbs</u>, 68 F.3d 685 (3d Cir. 1995).

This taking also violates Section 549 because it was done without permission of this Court and no Bankruptcy Code provision authorizes this taking.

Second, the debtors' estates and their creditors will be irreparably harmed if injunctive relief is not granted. Google has stated it is not freezing these accounts. Thus, if relief is not granted, Voizzit will be

able to and will be free to take the debtors' IP, move it off of this Cloud account, cause havoc with its businesses, and divert its revenues.

The Voizzit entities and the individuals named here have demonstrated that notwithstanding the pending sanctions request, they are able and willing to continue to violate the state in their efforts to take control over the debtors' property. Google's assistance ordered by the Court is necessary to prevent this harm.

Third, the balancing of interests of the parties here also favors injunctive relief.

Without such relief, these overseas actors may very well make it impossible for the Trustee to get these assets back by moving them beyond the Trustee's reach and the reach of process of this Court.

In contract, the Voizzit entities and Google have no interest that should be considered. From Google's perspective, my suspicion is is that they just simply want the Court to order all of this, rather than to do it on their own so that they won't be accused of anything by Voizzit.

As to the Voizzit entities, last week we heard from Voizzit's counsel, who appears to be here today, that his clients were innocent parties, that they didn't know about the stay, and they told you in a filing on Friday they were going to stand down and they also told you that they

were, in fact, the owners of the debtor. This was something that no one had ever heard before. And, in fact, Your Honor can take judicial notice of the multiple letters you've received from the Indian equivalent of a bankruptcy trustee, indicating that the entity he is in charge of, Think and Learn, is actually the party that owns the debtors' equity.

And in any event, on Friday, these Voizzit entities filed three documents that they say purport to justify their taking of the debtors' assets. None of these documents are signed by the debtors. None of these documents purport to grant any interest in the debtors' assets. And while they might set up a dispute over ownership of the debtors, although we sincerely question the veracity of these documents, there's nothing in the Bankruptcy Code that says a shareholder can take assets of a debtor, in violation of the automatic stay. Shareholders are subject to the stay just like everybody else.

They simply have no interest that justifies protection here in connection with the relief that we're seeking.

Finally, because the public interest in a bankruptcy case favors reorganization and payments to creditors from the debtors' assets, the public interest favors granting this relief. Granting this relief is necessary to protect the Trustee's ability to be able to sell

these debtors as going concerns, to meet the milestones that are set forth in the DIP agreement, and to fund the debtors' operations so that we can maximize what value is here for the creditors of this estate.

And so for these reasons, we would ask the Court to admit the Declaration of Jacob Grall in support of the relief that the Trustee seeks and to enter the form of Order attached to the motion.

I will say, Your Honor, prior to this hearing, shortly prior, we did receive from Google's counsel some requested suggestions and revisions to the TRO, some of which are acceptable, some of which are not. Specifically, they asked that we try to identify with domain names and certain other identifying information, the various accounts that we're referencing, and we don't have any issues with doing that.

They've asked for a provision in the Order that states that Google shall not be held liable for any violations of the Stored Communications Act in its efforts to comply with the Temporary Restraining Order and, you know, they indicated it would take some time to reassign these projects.

Apple was given seven days, while everything was frozen, to do that, and we would have no same if they had a certain number of business days to accomplish this, so long

as these accounts are all frozen, including those that 1 2 Voizzit had transferred over to its registered name. And so we would ask Your Honor enter the relief 3 and we would amend the Order if Your Honor is inclined to 4 5 grant us the relief we request. 6 THE COURT: All right. 7 Is anyone on the call from Google? 8 MR. INGRASSIA: Good morning, Your Honor. 9 Michael Ingrassia, White and Williams, on behalf 10 of Google, LLC. I appreciate the Court entering my colleague, Mr. 11 12 Vandermark's pro hacs very quickly this morning so, with your 13 permission, I'll go ahead and turn it over to Mr. Vandermark. THE COURT: All right. 14 15 MR. VANDERMARK: Good morning, Your Honor. 16 James Vandermark, White and Williams, on behalf of 17 Google. 18 I believe Ms. Steege represented sort of Google's 19 concerns accurately in our request for modifying the proposed 20 TRO. 21 I haven't had an opportunity to discuss the 22 proposed TRO with my client, but based on from having 23 represented Google in previous matters and discussions in

this, the primary concerns are with, you know, the Stored

Communications Act and turning over communications that may

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not belong to the debtor entities.

I believe the proposals that we made for amending the TRO substantially address that concern.

THE COURT: All right.

Well, I'm not clear -- Ms. Steege, what provisions of it do you not agree with, the changes that they've proposed?

MS. STEEGE: The only other change that they proposed, Your Honor, that we didn't think was appropriate was a paragraph in their email that suggested that we just suspend everything while Your Honor makes some determination about Voizzit's rights, and that suspension, in and of itself, would harm the debtors' business, unless it was made, you know, pretty instantaneously, which I don't think is appropriate, and I don't think there's any reason to do that.

Voizzit has no right to take the debtors' assets. Even if it's correct that it owns the debtors' stock, which we don't think is actually the case, and there's a lot of reasons to question the veracity of these documents, which aren't really relevant to this, but we don't think just suspending everything and basically putting the debtor out of business makes any sense, and so that's what we did not agree to in this email, if I read his paragraph 3 of the email correctly.

THE COURT: Mr. Vandermark?

MR. VANDERMARK: Just responding briefly, Your Honor, just to clarify that point.

It wasn't in regards to any accounts that had been transferred to Voizzit. This is if Google identifies a transfer to another entity unrelated to Voizzit.

So in that process that we would suspend that and then, you know, allow the Court to determine ownership at that point. So this is -- I guess is maybe going beyond the relief that the Trustee is seeking at this time. But it's really to address, potentially under the transfers, two other entities to give, you know, a Court Order addressing Google's concerns in the ability to move on that at that time. But it's in addition to any transfers to Voizzit.

THE COURT: Ms. Steege, it sounds like -- is there a way to tweak the language? I mean it sounds like a reasonable -- if there are other transfers you don't know about yet, you certainly would want to suspend those until --

MS. STEEGE: Yes. Your Honor, we misunderstood their paragraph and what he suggests is fine.

We'd also like -- I'm reminded by one of the business folks at Novo that if we could get the name of a tech person at Google that we could work with, as we've done with the other internet companies, Apple and Stripe and so on -- there's been individuals who are computer savvy, not

lawyers, that we can have Jacob Grall communicate with, that 1 2 will probably make this whole process a whole lot easier. THE COURT: Okay. Well, I'll let you guys discuss 3 that offline. I don't think that's something I can order at 4 5 this point. Is there anyone on for the other defendants? 6 7 (No verbal response) 8 THE COURT: No response. 9 Oh, Mr. Samis? 10 MR. SAMIS: Sorry, Your Honor. I had raised my 11 hand first. 12 Your Honor, Chris Samis from Potter Anderson for the Voizzit entities. 13 Your Honor, obviously, we haven't had a ton of 14 15 time to review the TRO either. It was filed late last night. 16 We do have a couple of comments that we'd like to 17 issue to the form of Order. But beyond that, I just wanted 18 to respond to Ms. Steege briefly. 19 First, you know, we had so represented in our 20 pleading that we filed last Friday, going into early Saturday 21 morning, that we were in compliance, substantial compliance, 22 with the Stay Order. 23 My client confirmed that. We had discussions with 24 them on it. We have not heard anything from them that they

had deviated from that course that we have been able to

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confirm. We did reach out to them immediately. I will follow up with them again today so we can try to see if we can confirm these facts.

The only thing that I would suggest is that in our pleading, we did note that, regardless of the confusion on ownership, and we're still looking at that issue, we've attached those pleadings to our filing more to show Your Honor why the actions were taken that were taken from the perspective of establishing willfulness under the sanctions prong of 363 but -- or I'm sorry, 362.

But, Your Honor, you -- and we also attached them, you know, in support, obviously, of our request to adjourn to just show, you know, what we were dealing with, what we were wading through.

I would just also add that, you know, we're here again. Well -- sorry, Your Honor. I would also add that we noted that there has been maintenance and IT services that were provided by the Voizzit entities to the debtors during the pendency of the time that, you know, they believed they were in sole driver -- the sole driver's seat of the debtor.

So they were actually investing funds into the entities in order to have engineers, software engineers, maintain these apps. Obviously, with the onset of the Stay Order and the notice of what was going on, once they realized that this dispute existed, you know, they are no longer

providing some of those services -- or any of those services.

So the idea is that, you know, with respect to the crashed website over the weekend, there are alternate explanations. This could simply be a degradation of the system due to a failure to maintain it. So I don't know that to be the case. I want to talk to my client. But they did identify that as a problem and it was also identified in our papers.

But the representations that we made in our papers were verified. We have a declaration supporting them. We'll bear them out at the hearing on Thursday.

But with respect to today's relief, I just wanted to be clear that we're not aware of any of the allegations, these new allegations, and the facts surrounding them.

We did -- the only thing we heard yesterday was a call from debtors' counsel informing us of the crashed website issue and we immediately are looking into that.

We're still awaiting a response from the client.

But I didn't want to leave Your Honor in the dark as to what, you know, we were doing and why we were doing it.

But, unless Your Honor has questions of me, I would turn the podium over to my litigation colleague, Mr. Mozal, to talk a little bit about the Order.

THE COURT: Well, I mean you're telling me you don't know -- Voizzit doesn't know anything, but the email

addresses were all changed to Voizzit email addresses. 1 2 know something. MR. SAMIS: I understand. 3 THE COURT: And if they're --4 5 MR. SAMIS: I understand. THE COURT: -- violating my Order, there's going 6 7 to be consequences, my previous Stay Order. 8 MR. SAMIS: I do understand, Your Honor. 9 The only response I think I have to that is that, you know, it may be simply residual, you know, actions that 10 they've taken to correct so far and it may just be an 11 oversight. I don't know, but I need to track that down. 12 13 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Mozal? 14 15 MR. MOZAL: Thank you, Your Honor. Nick Mozal of Potter Anderson. 16 17 I think I just want to make two points. 18 The first is that we've heard from counsel this 19 morning and saw in the correspondence and the filings that 20 they've been working with Google since September 30th and 21 that -- you know, they've been going on about this for more 22 than 45 days and then dropped the TRO last night on us with less than ten -- about ten hours' notice. 23 They seem to have been further corresponding about 24 25 a revised TRO that they were just discussing. We have not

been -- I have not been copied on those communications so I can't comment on how that has changed at all, but I think there's just a -- sort of a combination of a laches and a notice issue in terms of what the actual TRO is that we are now focused on -- or that they are now focused on and we are responding to.

The second point that's related to that I think that's most problematic from our perspective about the -- what was filed is that it seeks -- the Order seeks mandatory final relief, not temporary relief, and I think that's most clear if you look at paragraph 4 of the TRO motion, which requests the specific transfer information and rights and mandatory injunctions such as that at the TRO stage are not permitted absent a showing and satisfying the higher standards for mandatory relief, and the Trustee has not even set out those standards, let alone argued that they've met them.

That's all I have, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

Ms. Steege?

MS. STEEGE: Your Honor, with regard to the notice, we did advise Mr. Samis and Mr. Mozal yesterday not only about the crashing of the site, but also about the fact that we were going to be seeking this TRO because of what was going on with the Google account.

And I would also say, Your Honor, on Friday, in connection with discussions with Mr. Samis, I advised him that we had learned about this email chain -- change. We had spoken of it. I mean I mentioned it during the presentation last week on the 12th and asked him if his client would agree to get that changed back as a means of rectifying what had occurred here. They say innocently, we think in willful violation of the automatic stay, as a means of purging themselves on their stay violation and we never really heard back.

So it's not any secret to them that this has been an issue that's been ongoing and it came to a head when we learned yesterday that Google was not freezing the accounts with the Voizzit name on, simultaneously with this crash of this system, which is interrelated with the Cloud account and which we have been told this morning by Cloudflare happened because of a change in that account.

And we've asked them who it was changed to. We suspect we're going to find out it was Voizzit, but we'll find out and we'll report and seek appropriate relief if we need to in connection with that once we have more of the facts.

With regard to the mandatory nature of this injunction, I believe we have set forth reasons for this.

This is clearly the debtors' property. There is no excuse

for it having been taken post-petition. To not grant
mandatory relief -- and Your Honor could accelerate this into
a preliminary injunction hearing if you chose to do so, so
that you could grant that relief, to not grant that relief
will harm this debtor irreparably.

We need to be able to control the Cloud account which contains the debtors' IP. We need to be able to control the Play Store account, which generates revenues for the debtor.

If these accounts are left open to Voizzit over the next several weeks to a preliminary injunction hearing or whenever Your Honor schedules that, in the interim, we have seen that when orders are entered, things happen to the debtors' estates before orders are entered and even after orders are entered.

So we think we have set forth extraordinary circumstances where such relief is justified.

THE COURT: All right.

Mr. Mozal?

MR. MOZAL: Your Honor, I just wanted to -- I received an email from Ms. Root at Jenner Block indicating that she had sent -- or sorry, the White and Williams email that I mentioned I had not received, was sent to another member of my team and there was a request that I correct the record on that.

I believe I said I had not received it, which is true, but it appears that other lawyer -- another attorney at Potter Anderson had received it about an hour before the hearing. So apologies for that if there was any miscommunication there.

THE COURT: All right. Anything else from

anybody?

(No verbal response)

THE COURT: All right.

I believe the debtors have established that, 1) the property that has been moved was property of the debtors' estates and, therefore, they are likely to prevail on the merits of any claim that the estate assets were taken.

There certainly would be irreparable harm to the debtors if the transfer of these assets is not reversed.

This is not a situation where somebody is just holding a piece of property and could just hold on to it until there is a preliminary injunction hearing and, therefore, we could wait for a preliminary injunction to decide whether or not there was an improper transfer.

Here, these are assets that are ongoing. They're operating assets. These are things that the debtors use in their day-to-day business and if they don't have them, they're losing clients, they're losing money, they're losing the ability to control their IP, which has been taken from

them, and, therefore, I believe the debtors have met the higher standard for imposition of a mandatory injunction at this point, and this will only be for 14 days and we'll have a preliminary injunction hearing before that 14-day period.

Balance of the harm certainly favors the debtors. I don't see any harm to Voizzit. They haven't established any harm. They haven't said that they're going to suffer any harm if this injunction is entered. And, certainly, the public interest is in making sure that assets of a debtors' estate are not illegally transferred from one party to another without some kind of a recourse.

So I find the standards for imposition of a $\label{eq:temporary} \text{Temporary Restraining Order have been met and I will enter}$ the Order.

I'm going to order the parties to -- I know there's some discussion about potential tweaks to it. I want those done by the end of the day today, before 5:00, so that we can get this Order entered.

I'm also going to -- we -- I think I skipped over this. I didn't ask if anybody objected to it. I don't think there's going to be an objection to the introduction of Mr. Grall's Declaration. I will admit that declaration into evidence.

(Declaration of Jacob Grall received into evidence)

THE COURT: And we'll deal with the other issues

that are coming up on Thursday when we get there. So I know 1 2 Mr. Samis raised some of the -- some things about Thursday, 3 but we're not there yet. We'll get there when we get there. Any questions? Concerns? Comments? Did I miss 4 5 anything? 6 MS. STEEGE: No, Your Honor. Thank you very much. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Samis? 8 MR. SAMIS: Your Honor, just one question, a housekeeping matter for Thursday's hearing. 9 We are in the process of determining whether or 10 not Mr. Vellapalath will be present as a witness. We would 11 12 like to have him participate by Zoom, if possible, given his location in the UAE, but, you know, I wanted to raise that 13 here in front of all the parties and Your Honor, you know, 14 15 just I thought it would be more efficient that way. 16 MS. STEEGE: Your Honor, we oppose Zoom 17 participation by Mr. Vellapalath. 18 The fact that he's in Dubai isn't the type of 19 circumstances that Rule 43 and Bankruptcy Rule 9017 indicate 20 would be a basis for him not to testify live. 21 I would also note, Your Honor, that we, in 22 connection with this hearing, asked to take his deposition. 23 We noticed that deposition for Monday, along with 30(b)(6) depositions of the two Voizzit entities. 24 25 Although we expected that they would probably say

one witness would -- Mr. Vellapalath would testify for all three, we were told on Friday evening/Saturday morning, I forget which, that they were not going to appear for the depositions, which we did schedule by Zoom and we attempted to schedule at a time that would not be in the middle of the night, so we did it very early in the morning here so that it would accommodate them on the time difference. No one appeared for that examination.

We had a meet-and-confer conference with -- Mr. Shankar was there, along with Ms. Root, and Mr. Mozal and Mr. Samis, I believe, was on the phone, but perhaps not. Maybe there was another one of his colleagues. We discussed this on Sunday. At that time, we asked if they were intending on calling anyone and they indicated they would let us know yesterday. We never heard anything yesterday, although we did get an email saying that they hadn't actually really committed to that and now we're hearing this morning that they want to have their person testify by video deposition.

We think it isn't justified under the rules for video testimony and, in addition, their refusal to produce someone for a deposition disqualifies their ability to bring this individual in now to testify at trial.

THE COURT: Mr. Shankar?

MR. SHANKAR: Your Honor -- Ravi Shankar from Kirkland & Ellis on behalf of GLAS Trust Company.

Your Honor, we've seen this play out in the Alpha case with respect to Raju Ravindran. We have seen witnesses abroad claim to be unavailable to testify in the U.S.

Without getting into the substance, Your Honor, Mr. Vellapalath's credibility as a witness, the credibility of his declaration, his truthfulness, are core issues, in my mind, that are going to be up on Thursday, and so it is not just the failure to satisfy unavailability to testify live, it is also the nature of an examination of Mr. Vellapalath, if he were allowed to testify in light of his failure to sit for a deposition. That would be central to some of the issues for Thursday.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Samis?

MR. SAMIS: Your Honor, as a response, I would say this.

The exigencies I think of these circumstances demand it given the witness's location and the seriousness of the allegations.

When we were seeking to impose the Stay Order, I believe that that hearing was held by Zoom. I know that at the time, there were no objections that were present. But, obviously, given the compressed timetable, I think it was readily -- you know, readily assumable that one of the parties may emerge to object.

I think that when we look at the situation, you

know, that's going on here, we have been consistent I think
in our communications that our client was trying to determine
his availability over the course of this extremely
prejudicial litigation schedule.

So, you know, he's running a company -- several companies, actually, at the same time that, you know, he's participating in this litigation and, obviously, he'd need to travel across the world in order to be here.

His failure to attend the deposition or refusal to attend the deposition is, again, driven by this litigation schedule, nothing more. You know, we've said from the beginning that it was aggressive. We tried to adjourn it when it was at the Stay Order stage. We'll be trying again on Thursday now that it's at the sanction stage.

But it's -- I think that, again, the TRO that was dropped last night, the -- you know, that what we've seen with respect to service and the timetable that's being proposed by the Trustee and GLAS, it's just been -- it's too aggressive, quite frankly, with their teams and advisors for Voizzit to keep up with and that's why we're seeking a little bit of parity and that's why we'll be seeking that on Thursday.

THE COURT: Well, seems to me the exigencies of the scheduling are caused by Voizzit. They're taking these actions and they need to be addressed and they need to be

1 addressed quickly because the debtors are being harmed. 2 So if he wants to testify, he's got to be here. 3 And I'll note that the declaration that you -proposed declaration that you submitted is invalid. It 4 5 doesn't have proper language, as required by 17 -- 28 U.S.C. 1746. So it's not even admissible. So -- and the fact that 6 7 he didn't appear for a deposition, I mean that would have been a way to potentially avoid this problem, but he chose not to do so. So if he wants to testify, he's going to have 9 10 to be here. All right? Anything else? 11 12 MR. SAMIS: Very well, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Anything else for today? 14 MS. STEEGE: No, Your Honor. Thank you very much. 15 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. We are adjourned. I'll see everybody on Thursday. 16 17 (Proceedings concluded at 10:41 a.m.) 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATION I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter to the best of my knowledge and ability. /s/ William J. Garling November 20, 2024 William J. Garling, CET-543 Certified Court Transcriptionist For Reliable