Case 22-90056-LT Filed 10/26/22 Entered 10/28/22 21:09:16 Doc 68 Pg. 1 of 9 Docket #0068 Date Filed: 10/26/2022 Order Entered on October 26, 2022 by Clerk U.S. Bankruptcy Court Southern District of California UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 325 West "F" Street, San Diego, California 92101-6991 In re: BORREGO COMMUNITY HEALTH FOUNDATION, A CALIFORNIA NONPROFIT PUBLIC BANKRUPTCY NO. 22-02384-LT11 BENEFIT CORPORATION Debtor. BORREGO COMMUNITY HEALTH ADVERSARY NO. 22-90056-LT FOUNDATION, A CALIFORNIA NONPROFIT PUBLIC Plaintiff. v. CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE Date of Hearing: October 6, 2022

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW RE: EMERGENCY MOTION TO (I) ENFORCE THE AUTOMATIC STAY OR (II) ALTERNATIVELY FOR TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER

Defendant.

SERVICES, BY AND THROUGH ITS DIRECTOR, MICHELLE BAAS

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED as set forth on the continuation page(s) attached, numbered two (2) through seven (7).

Related Motion/Order Docket Entry No. 3

Time of Hearing: 2:00 p.m. Name of Judge: Laura S. Taylor

DATED: October 26, 2022

Judge, United States Bankruptcy Court

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Bankruptcy No. 22-02384-LT11

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CARE SERVICES

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Findings of Fact¹

- 1. The Debtor filed its voluntary petition (the "Petition") under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code on September 12, 2022 (the "Petition Date"). The creditor matrix has approximately 6,000 creditors as of the Petition Date.
- 2. The Debtor has approximately 700 employees and is a nonprofit federally qualified health center ("FQHC") that provides health care services, including but not limited to primary care, urgent care, behavioral health, dental services, specialty care, transgender health, women's health, prenatal care, and veteran's health, to approximately 94,000 low income and rural patients (collectively, the "Patients") and approximately 386,000 patient visits in San Diego and Riverside Counties through a system of eighteen clinics, two pharmacies, and six mobile units. Bk. Dkt. No. 7 ¶ 9-10, 12, 14.
- 3. The Debtor specializes in providing care to underserved populations and aims to deliver high-quality, culturally- and linguistically-competent care, including care to specialized populations such as the LGBTQ and transgender communities. Bk. Dkt. No. $7 \ \P \ 13$.
- 4. The California Department of Health Care Services ("DHCS") administers the California Medicaid Program, which is called "Medi-Cal." The Medi-Cal program is California's implementation of the federal Medicaid program, a joint federal and state program for rendering health care services to the needy and disabled under Title XIX of the Social Security Act. 42 U.S.C. §§ 1396, et seq.
- 5. On November 18, 2020, DHCS imposed a payment suspension as a result of an ongoing investigation of allegations of fraud in the Debtor's external contract dental services. Shortly thereafter, DHCS limited the suspension to dental claims only; this suspension remains in effect and the investigation into that fraud continues. The Debtor has ceased providing contract dental services in 2020, cooperated with civil and criminal investigations, replaced much of its leadership, and brought a lawsuit against former staff and contractors involved in the fraud. DHCS did not indicate any ongoing fraud as to any of Debtor's current services, only an ongoing investigation into the prior external dental services fraud.

¹ Neither party requested an evidentiary hearing; consequently, these factual findings are based on declaratory evidence from the adversary proceeding and main bankruptcy.

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- 6. On January 27, 2021, the Debtor and DHCS entered into a settlement agreement (the "Agreement"), wherein, among other things, DHCS required the Debtor to retain Berkeley Research Group as an independent monitor that reported to DHCS.
- 7. In May of 2022, the Debtor requested that the Department limit the payment suspension to contract dental claims only and lift the requirement to maintain the independent monitor.
- 8. Prior to the Petition Date, on August 19, 2022, DHCS notified the Debtor that it intended to impose a full suspension of Medi-Cal program payments to the Debtor (the "Payment Suspension"), for both medical and dental services, effective September 29, 2022. In its letter to the Debtor, DHCS cited several factors to justify the full payment suspension: (i) concerns about quality of care, patient grievances, referrals, compliance, and billing; (ii) failure to "fully" comply with the Agreement; and (iii) the continuation of the investigation for fraud. Dkt. No. 31, Exh. E. The letter states, "A payment suspension may be lifted when a resolution of an investigation for fraud or abuse occurs." *Id.* DHCS's letter did not in any way limit Debtor's continued provision of Debtor's Medi-Cal medical or dental services.
- 9. On or about August 19, 2022, DHCS notified the various managed care plans ("MCP") who had contracts with the Debtor for the Debtor to provide health care services to their members of its intention to suspend all Medi-Cal program payments to the Debtor effective September 29, 2022, and directed the MCP to provide plans for potential reassignment of their members. Dkt. No. 33, Exh. A. MCPs were not required to terminate their contracts with Debtor. Dkt. No. 33, Exhs. A, C. After the suspension date, health plans were explicitly permitted to adjudicate Debtor's claims for services provided to Medi-Cal members but were required to withhold payment.
- 10. Medi-Cal pays approximately 44% of the Debtor's revenue. Bk. Dkt. No. 7 \P 16. The Court reasonably concludes that the loss of such revenue would be catastrophic to Debtor's patient care and business operations. Much of Debtor's remaining revenue derives from federal grants.
- 11. Given the proposed Payment Suspension, the Debtor filed the Petition to obtain the protection of the automatic stay, to protect its patient population, and to explore all available restructuring options.
- 12. Post-petition, DHCS reiterated its intent to enforce the Payment Suspension effective September 29, 2022, despite notification from counsel for the Debtors of its position that the automatic stay applied to the suspension. DHCS had the authority to, but did not, suspend the Debtor from the Medi-Cal program for quality-of-care issues.

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- 13. On September 16, 2022, the Office of the United States Trustee appointed, pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 333, Dr. Nathan Rubin as the Patient Care Ombudsperson (the "PCO"). Pursuant to § 333(b), the PCO is required to monitor patient care and report his findings as applicable to the Court as an advocate for the patients. The PCO is an independent party from the Debtor and DHCS.
- 14. The PCO visited the Debtor's facilities on multiple days during the last week of September 2022. The PCO reported on his findings in several declarations,² and stated, among other things, that: (i) the Debtor is currently serving its patients when no one else can; (ii) the Debtor's patients are well cared for; (iii) the Debtor's health care providers are dedicated and compassionate; (iv) the Debtor's clinics are state of the art and spotless; and (v) the consequences of a shut down or material drawback of services would be devastating to the communities served by the Debtor. Dkt. No. 20 ¶ 12. The PCO stated that he "witnessed the potential for serious, life-threatening deficiencies" as a result of MCPs' transfer of patients, and further that:

DHCS' total disregard for the patients and the providers is shocking. I cannot discern why DHCS, no matter what kind of financial facts it believes exist, has taken actions that are causing health plans to move patients from an organization that is providing healthcare consistent with the standard of care and with no reasonable alternatives for the patients.

Id. at ¶¶ 10, 11.

- 15. On September 26, 2022, the Debtor commenced this Adversary Proceeding. On the same day, the Debtor filed its Emergency Motion: (I) To Enforce The Automatic Stay Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. § 362; or, Alternatively (II) For Temporary Restraining Order (the "Emergency Motion"), and sought (i) a ruling that the Payment Suspension violated the automatic stay imposed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, or, alternatively, (ii) issuance of a temporary restraining order enjoining the Payment Suspension under Rule 7065 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. In support of the Emergency Motion, the Debtors filed multiple declarations evidencing the irreparable harm to the Debtor, the Debtor's estate, and its patients.
- 16. The Emergency Motion demonstrated a critical "emergency" given the evidence provided by the PCO that, among other things, DHCS' proposed Payment Suspension has potential to cause serious, life-threatening harm to patients, including pregnant patients and HIV/AIDS patients who need immediate and/or constant care. Many of

² The Court denied DHCS's motions to strike the PCO's declarations. While performing his duties under § 333(b), Dr. Rubin personally visited Debtor's facilities and conducted an investigation. Dkt. No. 20.

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Debtor's patients have no reasonable alternative for care, risking "debility, deterioration in quality of life, worsening of otherwise controlled comorbid conditions and death without access to the Debtor's services."

- 17. On October 3, 2022, DHCS filed its opposition to the Emergency Motion (the "Opposition"), which Opposition asserted that the Payment Suspension was based on: (i) patient-care deficiencies; (ii) improper billing practices; (iii) a breach of the Agreement, and (iv) the fraud investigation.
- 18. On October 4, 2022, the Debtor filed its reply to the Opposition and a declaration in support thereof, including specific evidence to counter the alleged patient care deficiencies.

Conclusions of Law

- 1. The Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b)(2) and 1334(b).
- 2. The evidence in the record establishes that the circumstances required an emergency hearing on the Emergency Motion given that the Payment Suspension would have a detrimental impact and cause irreparable harm to the Debtor and its patients, employees, and creditors.
- 3. The Debtor was not required to exhaust administrative remedies before seeking the relief in the Emergency Motion before this Court.
- 4. The Payment Suspension relates to payments that are property of the estate, pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 541, for post-petition services rendered.
- 5. Section 362(a)(1) applies to the intended Payment Suspension in that it is the continuation of a prepetition administrative action intended to recover a claim that arose prepetition.
- 6. Section 362(a)(3) applies to the intended Payment Suspension in that it is an act to exercise control over property of the Debtor's estate.
- 7. Section 362(a)(6) likely applies to the Payment Suspension in that it is an act to collect, assess, or recover a prepetition claim from the Debtor.
- 8. The Payment Suspension is not exempt from the automatic stay, pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 362(b)(4), under the "pecuniary purpose" test because the Payment Suspension (i) is intended to protect DHCS's pecuniary interest and is not related to

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matters of public safety or health, and (ii) would allow DHCS to obtain an advantage over other creditors.

- 9. The Payment Suspension is not exempt from the automatic stay, pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 362(b)(4), under the "public purpose" test because (i) the Payment Suspension is intended to effectuate DHCS's private rights rather than effectuate public policy, and (ii) DHCS' pursuit of its alleged breach of contract claim under the Agreement does not serve a public purpose.
- 10. There is no evidence in the record that DHCS is supporting a public interest rather than its own financial interest. DHCS's conclusory claims otherwise are illusory and pretextual.
- 11. DHCS's Payment Suspension sought to implement cessation of payments but did not limit the Debtor's continued provision of services—rather, the Debtor must continue to provide services until terminated by a health plan. Meanwhile, MCPs cannot terminate their contracts with Debtor without relief from stay. Refusing to pay for properly performed post-petition work thus represents an attempt to control assets of the estate to the detriment of all creditors and stake-holders other than the Department.
- 12. On the other hand, the record extensively documents risks to the public if the DHCS's financial interest leaves patients without care. The statements of public support for Debtor's continued operation are voluminous and compelling.
- 13. The record establishes that the Debtor provides adequate patient care, at a minimum, and that its patient services in the Communities are important and irreplaceable.
- 14. DHCS failed to provide evidence that the Debtor's alleged care deficiencies rendered Debtor's care below a reasonable standard of care in the industry. DHCS provided statistics relating to Debtor's "Third Next Available Appointment" time, patient referrals, patient-ended phone calls, and patient grievances but failed to compare them to acceptable standards. Dkt. No. 31. DHCS provided no evidence of the content of the grievances.
- 15. Debtor, meanwhile, supplied evidence in response to DHCS's claims that its performance is reasonable. For example, Debtor provided evidence that the 584 patient grievances cited by DHCS arose from 213,000 patient encounters for a .27% grievance rate per encounter. Debtor also provided evidence that the vast majority of next available appointments are the same-day and second next available appointments are days later. Debtor also provided evidence that the referral wait times and closures

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depend on external specialists and/or health plans, not on Debtor. Based on Debtor's evidence and DCHS's lack of evidence, the Court reasonably concludes these alleged standard of care concerns are pretextual.

- 16. Breaches of the Agreement do not permit application of § 362(b)(4). Moreover, the alleged Agreement breaches relate to a business plan, employee time entries, and provision of board meeting records—matters that do not indicate a public purpose.
- 17. DHCS provided no evidence of currently existing fraud, but rather cited the ongoing investigation into the prior fraud to justify the Payment Suspension. As described above, Debtor took affirmative steps to ensure the prior fraud did not continue, including eliminating the contract dental program and removing individuals involved.
- 18. Consequently, DHCS does not satisfy either the pecuniary interest or public purpose tests, and, thus, 11 U.S.C. § 362(b)(4) does not apply, and the stay bars DHCS's proposed Payment Suspension.

United States Bankruptcy Court Southern District of California

BORREGO COMMUNITY HEALTH FOUNDATION.,

Plaintiff Adv. Proc. No. 22-90056-LT

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE SER,

Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF NOTICE

District/off: 0974-3 User: Admin. Page 1 of 2
Date Rcvd: Oct 26, 2022 Form ID: pdfO1 Total Noticed: 1

The following symbols are used throughout this certificate:

Symbol Definition

Addresses marked '+' were corrected by inserting the ZIP, adding the last four digits to complete the zip +4, or replacing an incorrect ZIP. USPS

regulations require that automation-compatible mail display the correct ZIP.

Notice by first class mail was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center on Oct 28, 2022:

Recipi ID Recipient Name and Address

pla + BORREGO COMMUNITY HEALTH FOUNDATION., 587 Palm Canyon Dr., Suite 208, Borrego Springs, CA 92004-4000

TOTAL: 1

Notice by electronic transmission was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center.

Electronic transmission includes sending notices via email (Email/text and Email/PDF), and electronic data interchange (EDI).

NONE

BYPASSED RECIPIENTS

The following addresses were not sent this bankruptcy notice due to an undeliverable address, *duplicate of an address listed above, *P duplicate of a preferred address, or ## out of date forwarding orders with USPS.

NONE

NOTICE CERTIFICATION

I, Gustava Winters, declare under the penalty of perjury that I have sent the attached document to the above listed entities in the manner shown, and prepared the Certificate of Notice and that it is true and correct to the best of my information and belief

Meeting of Creditor Notices only (Official Form 309): Pursuant to Fed .R. Bank. P.2002(a)(1), a notice containing the complete Social Security Number (SSN) of the debtor(s) was furnished to all parties listed. This official court copy contains the redacted SSN as required by the bankruptcy rules and the Judiciary's privacy policies.

Date: Oct 28, 2022 Signature: /s/Gustava Winters

CM/ECF NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

The following persons/entities were sent notice through the court's CM/ECF electronic mail (Email) system on October 26, 2022 at the address(es) listed below:

Name Email Address

Bernard M. Hansen

on behalf of Creditor Premier Healthcare Management Inc. bernardmhansen@sbcglobal.net

Kenneth K. Wang

on behalf of Defendant CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES by and through its Director, Michelle

Baass kenneth.wang@doj.ca.gov

Tania M. Moyron

on behalf of Plaintiffs BORREGO COMMUNITY HEALTH FOUNDATION tania.moyron@dentons.com,

derry. kalve @dentons.com; DOCKET. GENERAL. LIT. LOS @dentons.com

Teddy Kapur

on behalf of Creditor Committee Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors of Borrego Community Health Foundation

tkapur@pszjlaw.com;jpomerantz@pszjlaw.com;sgolden@pszjlaw.com

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